

THE KARNATAK UNIVERSITY ACT, 1949

(Bombay Act No. XX of 1949¹ as amended to date)

11th May, 1949.

Amended by Bom. 53 of 1949.

Adapted and modified by the Adaptation of Laws Order, 1950.

Amended by Bom. 39 of 1951.

Amended by Bom. 30 of 1954.

**An Act to establish and incorporate a University in the
Province of Bombay to be known as the
Karnatak University.**

WHEREAS it is expedient to establish and incorporate a University in the Province of Bombay to be known as the Karnatak University as a measure in the decentralization and reorganisation of university education in the Province of Bombay; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I

PRELIMINARY

1. (1) This Act may be called the Karnatak University Act, 1949.

Short title
and
commence-
ment.

(2) This section shall come into force at once.

(3) The [State]² Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, direct that all or any of the remaining provisions of this Act shall come into force on such date or dates as may be specified in the notification.

¹ For Statement of Objects and Reasons see *Bombay Government Gazette*, 1949, Part V, Page 33.

² This word was substituted for the word "Provincial" by the Adaptation of Laws Order, 1950.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) "Affiliated" means affiliated under sections 5 and 32;

(2) "College" means a degree college or an intermediate college;

(3) "Degree College" means an affiliated college which is authorized to submit its students to an examination qualifying for any degree of the University;

(4) "High School" means a high school which has been recognized as a full-fledged high school by the Director of Public Instruction, Bombay [State]¹ or by an officer authorized by him in this behalf, or a high school situate outside the [State]¹ of Bombay which has been registered by the University;

(5) "Hostel" means a unit of residence for students maintained or recognized by the University under this Act;

(6) "Intermediate college" means an affiliated college other than a degree college;

(7) "Principal" means the head of a college;

(8) "Recognized institution" means an institution for research or specialized studies other than an affiliated college and recognized as such by the University;

(9) "Registered graduate" means a graduate registered under the provisions of this Act;

(10) "Secondary Teachers" means such class of teachers imparting instruction in High Schools as may be declared to be Secondary teachers by the Statutes;

(11) "Statutes", "Ordinances" and "Regulations" mean respectively the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations of the University made under this Act and for the time being in force;

¹ This word was substituted for the word "Province" by the Adaptation of Laws Order, 1950.

(12) "Teachers" means professors, readers, lecturers and such other persons imparting instruction in the University, an affiliated college or a recognized institution as may be declared to be teachers by the Statutes;

(13) "Teachers of the University" means Teachers appointed or recognized by the University for imparting instruction on its behalf;

(14) "University" means the Karnatak University constituted under this Act;

(15) "University Area" means the areas specified in the Schedule;

(16) "University Department" means any post-graduate or research institution or department maintained by the University.

CHAPTER II

THE UNIVERSITY

3. (1) The Chancellor, the first Vice-Chancellor of the University and the first members of the Senate, the Syndicate and the Academic Council of the University and all persons who may hereafter become such officers or members, so long as they continue to hold such office or membership, are hereby constituted a body corporate by the name of "The Karnatak University."

Incorporation of the University.

(2) The University shall have perpetual succession and a common seal and shall sue and be sued by the said name.

(3) The University shall be competent to acquire and hold property both movable and immovable, to lease, sell or otherwise transfer any movable or immovable property which may have become vested in or been acquired by it for the purposes of the University and to contract and to do all other things necessary for the purposes of this Act.

Powers of
the University.

4. Subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by or under the provisions of this Act, the University shall have the following powers, namely :—

(1) to provide for instruction, teaching and training in such branches of learning and courses of study as it may think fit and to make provision for research and dissemination of knowledge ;

(2) to make such provision as will enable affiliated colleges and recognized institutions to undertake specialization of studies ;

(3) to establish, maintain and manage departments and institutes of research or specialized studies ;

(4) to institute professorships, readerships, lectureships and any other posts of teachers required by the University ;

(5) to appoint or recognize persons as professors, readers, or lecturers, or otherwise as teachers of the university.

(6) to lay down the courses of instruction for various examinations ;

(7) to guide the teaching in colleges or recognized institutions ;

(8) to institute degrees, titles, diplomas and other academic distinctions ;

(9) to hold examinations and confer degrees, titles, diplomas and other academic distinctions on persons who—

(a) have pursued approved courses of study in the University or in an affiliated college unless exempted therefrom in the manner prescribed by the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations and have passed the examinations prescribed by the University, or

(b) have carried on research under conditions prescribed by the Ordinances and Regulations ;

(10) to confer honorary degrees, titles or other academic distinctions in the manner laid down by the Statutes ;

(11) to grant such diplomas to, and to provide such lectures, instruction and training, for persons not being enrolled students of the University as the University may determine by the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations ;

(12) to admit educational institutions to the privileges of the University and to withdraw such privileges ;

(13) to inspect colleges and recognized institutions and to take measures to ensure that proper standards of instruction, teaching or training are maintained in them ;

(14) to control and co-ordinate the activities of, and give financial aid to, affiliated colleges and recognized institutions ;

(15) to hold and manage endowments and to institute and award fellowships, travelling fellowships, scholarships, studentships, exhibitions, medals and prizes ;

(16) to make special provision for the spread of university education among classes and communities which are educationally backward ;

(17) to make special provision for disseminating knowledge and promoting arts and culture in rural areas ;

(18) to fix, to demand and to receive such fees and other charges as may be prescribed by the Ordinances ;

(19) to establish, maintain and manage hostels ;

(20) to recognize hostels not maintained by the University, to inspect such hostels and to withdraw recognition therefrom ;

(21) to supervise and control the residence, conduct and discipline of the students of the University and to make arrangements for promoting their health and general welfare ;

(22) to co-ordinate, supervise and control the conduct of post-graduate research work and teaching in the affiliated colleges and the institutions recognized by the University ;

(23) to institute and manage :—

(a) Publication Department,

(b) University Extension Boards,

(c) Information Bureaux, and

(d) Employment Bureaux ;

(24) to make grants from the funds of the University—

- (a) for extra-mural teaching,
- (b) for physical and military training,
- (c) for students' Unions, and
- (d) for sports and Athletic clubs;

(25) to co-operate with other Universities and authorities in such manner and for such purposes as the University may determine; and

(26) to do all such acts and things whether incidental to the powers aforesaid or not as may be requisite in order to further the objects of the University and generally to cultivate and promote arts, science and other branches of learning and culture.

Jurisdiction
and admi-
ssion to
privileges.

5. (1) No educational institution situate within the University area shall, save with the sanction of the Provincial Government, be associated in any way with, or seek admission to any privileges of any other University established by law.

(2) Any such privileges enjoyed from such other University before the date on which this section comes into force by any educational institution situate within the University area shall be deemed to be withdrawn with effect from such date.

(3) With effect from such date all educational institutions admitted to the privileges of the University of Bombay and situate within the University area shall be deemed to be admitted to the privileges of the University, and the University shall, as far as may be possible and consistent with this Act, admit such institutions to all such privileges as they had from the University of Bombay immediately before such date.

(4) Any educational institution in the Province of Bombay situate outside the University area may, with the sanction of the Provincial Government, and any educational institution in an Indian State or other territories, apply to the University for being admitted to the privileges of the

University and such institution may, subject to such conditions and restrictions as the University and the Provincial Government thinks fit to impose, be admitted to the privileges of the University.

6. (1) No person shall be excluded from any office of the University or from membership of any of its authorities or from admission to any degree, diploma, title or other academic distinction or course of study on the sole ground of sex, race, creed, class, religious belief or political or other opinion:

University open to all irrespective of sex, religion, class, creed or opinion.

Provided that the University may, subject to the previous sanction of the Provincial Government, maintain, affiliate or recognize any institution exclusively for women or reserve for women or members of classes and communities which are educationally backward places for the purposes of admission as students in any institution maintained by the University.

(2) It shall not be lawful for the University to impose on any person any test whatsoever relating to sex, race, creed, class, religious belief or profession of political or other opinion in order to entitle him to be admitted as a teacher or a student or to hold any office or post in the University or to qualify for any degree, diploma, title or other academic distinction or to enjoy or exercise any privileges of the University or any benefaction thereof.

7. (1) The Chancellor shall have the right to cause an inspection to be made by such person or persons as he may direct of the University, its buildings, laboratories, libraries, museums, workshops and equipment, of any institution, college or hostel maintained, recognized by, or affiliated to, the University, of the teaching and other work conducted by the University and of the conduct of examinations held by the University; and to cause an inquiry to be made in respect of any matter connected with the University. The Chancellor shall in every case give notice to the University of his intention to cause an inspection or inquiry to be made

Inspection and inquiry.

and the University shall be entitled to be represented thereat.

(2) The Chancellor shall communicate to the Senate and to the Syndicate his views with reference to the results of such inspection or inquiry and shall, after ascertaining the opinion of the Senate and the Syndicate thereon, advise the University on the action to be taken.

(3) The Syndicate shall report to the Chancellor such action, if any, as it has taken or may propose to take upon the results of the inspection or inquiry. Such report shall be submitted with the opinion of the Senate thereon and within such time as the Chancellor may direct.

(4) Where the Syndicate does not within a reasonable time take action to the satisfaction of the Chancellor, the Chancellor may, after considering any explanation furnished or representation made by the Syndicate, issue such directions as he may think fit and the Syndicate shall comply with such directions.

(5) The Provincial Government may, whenever it deems fit, cause a like inspection or inquiry to be made in the manner described in sub-sections (1) to (3) and shall have, for the purposes of such inspection or inquiry, all the powers of the Chancellor under the said sub-sections.

CHAPTER III

OFFICERS OF THE UNIVERSITY

Officers of
the University.

8. The following shall be the officers of the University, namely :—

- (i) The Chancellor,
- (ii) The Vice-Chancellor,
- (iii) The Deans of Faculties,
- (iv) The Registrar, and
- (v) Such other officers in the service of the University as may be declared by the Statutes to be officers of the University.

9. (1) The Governor of Bombay for the time being shall be the Chancellor of the University. The Chancellor.

(2) The Chancellor shall, by virtue of his office, be the head of the University and the president of the Senate and shall, when present preside at meetings of the Senate and at any convocation of the University.

(3) The Chancellor shall have such other powers as may be conferred on him by this Act or the Statutes.

10. (1) Subject to the confirmation of the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor shall be elected by the Senate from among three persons recommended by a majority of the members of the Syndicate present at the meeting. Such recommendation and election shall be made according to the system of proportional representation by means of a single transferable vote. The Vice-Chancellor.

(2) The Vice-Chancellor shall hold office for a term of three years.

(3) Where any temporary vacancy in the office of the Vice-Chancellor occurs by reason of leave, illness or other cause, the Syndicate shall, as soon as possible, subject to the approval of the Chancellor, make such arrangements for carrying on the duties of the office of the Vice-Chancellor as it may think fit. Until such arrangements are made, the Dean nominated by the Chancellor for that purpose shall carry on the current duties of the office of the Vice-Chancellor.

(4) The Vice-Chancellor shall be an honorary officer but the Senate may, by Statutes, make the office of the Vice-Chancellor a wholetime salaried office and determine the emoluments to be paid for such office and prescribe the conditions subject to which such office shall be held.

11. (1) The Vice-Chancellor shall be the principal executive and academic officer of the University and shall in the absence of the Chancellor preside at meetings of the Senate and any convocation of the University. He shall be Powers of the Vice-Chancellor

an *ex-officio* member and the Chairman of the Syndicate, of the Academic Council and of the committees constituted under sections 44, 45 and 46. He shall be entitled to be present, with the right to speak, at any meeting of any other authority or body of the University, but shall not be entitled to vote thereat unless he is a member of that authority or body.

(2) The Vice-Chancellor shall have power to convene meeting of the Senate, the Syndicate and the Academic Council. He may delegate this power to any other officer of the University.

(3) It shall be the duty of the Vice-Chancellor to ensure that this Act, the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations are faithfully observed and he shall have all powers necessary for this purpose.

(4) (a) In any emergency which, in the opinion of the Vice-Chancellor, requires that immediate action should be taken, he shall take such action as he deems necessary and shall at the earliest opportunity thereafter report his action to such officer, authority or body as would have in the ordinary course dealt with the matter.

(b) When action taken by the Vice-Chancellor under this sub-section affects any person in the service of the University such person shall be entitled to prefer an appeal through the said officer, authority or body to the Syndicate within fifteen days from the date on which such action is communicated to him.

(5) The Vice-Chancellor shall give effect to the orders of the Syndicate regarding the appointment, dismissal and suspension of the persons in the service of the University or teachers of the University or regarding the recognition or withdrawal of the recognition of any such teacher and shall exercise general control over the affairs of the University. He shall be responsible for the discipline of the University in accordance with this Act, the Statutes and Ordinances.

(6) The Vice-Chancellor shall exercise such other powers as may be prescribed by the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations.

12. The Registrar shall be a wholetime salaried officer and shall act as the Secretary of the Senate, of the Syndicate and of the Academic Council. He shall be appointed by the Syndicate in accordance with the Statutes to be framed in this behalf; and his emoluments and conditions of service shall be determined by such Statutes. He shall exercise such powers and perform such duties as may be prescribed by the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations. The Registrar.

13. The powers and duties of the officers of the University referred to in clause (v) of section 8 shall be such as may be prescribed by the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations. Other Officers.

CHAPTER IV

AUTHORITIES OF THE UNIVERSITY

14. The following shall be the authorities of the University, namely :— Authorities of the University.

- (i) The Senate,
- (ii) The Syndicate,
- (iii) The Academic Council,
- (iv) The Faculties,
- (v) The Board of University Teaching,
- (vi) The Boards of Studies, and
- (vii) Such other bodies of the University as may be declared by the Statutes to be the authorities of the University.

15. (1) The Senate shall consist of the following members, namely :— The Senate.

Class I—Ex-officio members

- [A] (i) The Chancellor,
 (ii) The Vice-Chancellor,
 (iii) Ex - Vice - Chancellors of the University
 residing in the [State],¹
 (iv) The Deans of Faculties,
 (v) The Registrar.
- [B] (i) The Chief Justice of Bombay, or any other
 Judge of the High Court nominated by him,
 (ii) The Minister of Education, Bombay, or an
 officer of Government nominated in this
 behalf by the Minister,
 (iii) The Director of Education, Bombay State
 or the Joint or a Deputy Director of
 Education designated by the State
 Government,²
 (iv) Six members designated by the State
 Government representing the following
 Departments, namely :—
 (a) Technical Education,
 (b) Medical or Public Health,
 (c) Agriculture,
 (d) Industries,
 (e) Public Works,
 (f) Forests,
 (v) Vice - Chancellors of other Universities
 established by law in the State of Bombay].
- [C] (i) Heads of University Departments,
 (ii) Principals of affiliated colleges.

¹ This word was substituted for the word "Province" by the
 Adaptation of Laws Order, 1950.

² These clauses were substituted for the original clauses (iii) to
 (v) by Bom. 39 of 1951, s. 3, Second Schedule.

Class 11— Ordinary members

[A] Elected as specified below :—

- (i) three members by secondary teachers of high schools excluding the head-masters thereof from amongst such teachers ;
- (ii) two members by head-masters of high schools from amongst such head-masters ;
- (iii) ten members by teachers, excluding Principals, Heads of University Departments and Deans of Faculties, from amongst themselves ;
- (iv) by public associations or bodies as under :—
 - (a) one member by each School Board of a Borough Municipality within the University Area,
 - (b) one member by each District School Board within the University Area,
 - (c) four members by the Bombay Legislative Assembly from amongst its members, ¹[if they are not already members of the Senate],
 - (d) one member by the Bombay Legislative Council from amongst its members,
 - (e) one member each by such representative association in the University area of (1) journalists, (2) industrialists and manufacturers, (3) farmers and agriculturists and (4) labourers, as may be designated by the Statutes,
 - (f) one member by co-operative banks and one member by other co-operative societies in the University Area,
 - (g) two members, by such literary associations in the University area representative of writers and authors, as may be designated by the Statutes,
 - (h) two members, by such chamber of commerce, as may be designated by the Statutes, from amongst its members,

¹ Substituted for the following by Bombay State Universities (Amendment) Act 1954, " of whom one shall be the representative of the University of Bombay, on the Bombay Legislative Assembly if he is not already a member of the Senate ".

(i) eighteen members, who shall not be persons who are teachers or secondary teachers of High Schools or Headmasters of High Schools, by registered graduates the manner specified below :—

(1) five by registered law graduates from amongst themselves;

(2) four by registered medical graduates from amongst themselves;

(3) one by registered graduates in Engineering from amongst themselves;

(4) eight by registered graduates other than those specified in (1), (2) and (3) above, from amongst themselves:

Provided that—

(i) every person elected under clauses (i) to (iii) and under sub-clauses (c) to (h) of clause (iv) shall continue to hold the office of a member of the Senate only so long as he is a secondary teacher or headmaster of a high school or a teacher or a member of the electing body or bodies, as the case may be;

(ii) for the purpose of the election of ordinary members a person entitled to stand as a candidate or to vote in more than one constituency mentioned in sub-clause (i) shall before such date as may be appointed by the Statute, elect the constituency from which he desires to stand as a candidate or to vote at the election and shall not be entitled to stand or vote in more than one constituency.

(B) Ten members nominated on the recommendation of the Vice-Chancellor by the Chancellor, including distinguished educationists, women and representatives of the linguistic minorities and backward communities and other special interests.

(C) Donors to, or for the purposes of, the University, of money or property of the value of not less than fifty thousand rupees.

Such donors shall, if willing to serve, be members for life subject to the provisions of Section 57.

(D) One nominee of each of the bodies giving a donation to, or for the purposes of the University, of money or property of the value of not less than fifty thousand rupees :

Provided that the right of making such nomination and, subject also to the provisions of section 57 the tenure of such nominee shall not extend beyond the period of twenty years from the date of the acceptance by the Syndicate of any such donation.

Explanation :— For the purposes of paragraphs (C) and (D) the value of the property means the market value of the property at the date of acceptance of the donation by the Syndicate.

(E) Such number of members not exceeding three as may be fixed by the Statutes, to be elected from among themselves by donors of the University each donating not less than rupees ten thousand ; but not more than rupees twenty-five thousand.

(F) Such number of members not exceeding three as may be fixed by the Statutes, to be elected from amongst themselves by donors of the University each donating more than twenty-five thousand but [less]¹ than fifty thousand rupees ; Provided that the right of electing a member under paragraphs (E) and (F) shall not extend beyond the period of five and ten years respectively from the date of the acceptance by the Syndicate of any such donation.

(2) The term of office of the elected members and of the members in paragraph (B) in Class II shall be five years.

16. (1) The Senate shall on a date to be fixed by the Meetings of the Senate.
Chancellor, meet once a year at a meeting to be called the annual meeting of the Senate.

¹ ' Less ' was substituted for the words ' not more than ' by Bombay State Universities (Amendment) Act 1954.

(2) The Vice-Chancellor, may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon a requisition in writing signed by not less than twenty-five members of the Senate, convene a special meeting of the Senate.

Powers and
duties of
the Senate.

17. (1) Subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by or under the provisions of this Act, the Senate shall exercise the following powers and perform the following duties, namely :—

- (i) to make provision for instruction, teaching and training in such branches of learning and courses of study as it may think fit, for research and for the advancement and dissemination of knowledge ;
- (ii) to make such provision as will enable affiliated colleges and recognized institutions to undertake specialization of studies ;
- (iii) to establish and maintain departments and institutes of research and specialized studies ;
- (iv) to institute professorships, readerships, lecturerships and any other post of teachers required by the University ;
- (v) to institute fellowships, travelling fellowships, scholarships, studentships, exhibitions, medals and prizes ;
- (vi) to institute and confer degrees, titles, diplomas and other academic distinctions ;
- (vii) to confer, on the recommendation of the Syndicate honorary degrees, titles or other academic distinctions ;
- (viii) to make, amend or repeal the Statutes ;
- (ix) to consider, cancel, refer back but not amend Ordinances ;
- (x) to consider and pass resolutions on the annual reports, annual accounts and financial estimates ;
- (xi) to consider the annual financial estimates prepared by the Syndicate and pass resolutions with reference thereto ;

- (xii) to elect office-bearers and authorities as provided in the Act and the Statutes.
- (xiii) to exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be conferred or imposed upon it by this Act or the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations.

(2) The powers and duties under clauses (i) to (vii) of sub-section (1) shall not be exercised except upon the recommendations made by the Syndicate and the Academic Council.

18. (1) The Syndicate shall be the executive authority of the University and shall consist of the following, namely:—

- (i) The Vice-Chancellor — *ex-officio* Chairman,
- [(ii) The Director of Education, Bombay State, or the Joint or a Deputy Director of Education who is a member of the Senate,]¹
- (iii) Eight persons elected by the Senate from amongst its members, and
- (iv) Five persons elected by the Academic Council from amongst its members to represent the different Faculties in the manner prescribed by the Statutes: Provided that a member elected under clause (iii) or (iv) shall cease to hold office as such member if he ceases to be a member of the Senate or Academic Council, as the case may be.

(2) The term of office of the elected members of the Syndicate shall be five years.

19. (1) Subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by or under the provisions of this Act, the Syndicate shall exercise the following powers and perform the following duties, namely:—

Powers and
duties of the
Syndicate

¹ This clause was substituted for the original by Bom. 39 of 1951, s. 3, Second Schedule.

- (i) to hold, control and administer the property and funds of the University ;
- (ii) to enter into, vary, carry out and cancel contracts on behalf of the University in the exercise or performance of the powers and duties assigned to it by the Act and the Statutes in accordance with the direction of the Finance and Legal Committees ;
- (iii) to determine the form, provide for the custody and regulate the use, of the common seal of the University ;
- (iv) to administer funds placed at the disposal of the University for specific purposes ;
- (v) to frame the annual financial estimates of the University and to submit them to the Senate ;
- (vi) to make provision for buildings, premises, furniture, apparatus and other means needed for carrying on the work of the University ;
- (vii) to accept on behalf of the University bequests, donations and transfers of any movable or immovable property to the University ;
- (viii) to transfer any movable or immovable property on behalf of the University ;
- (ix) to manage and regulate the finances, 'accounts and investments of the University ;
- (x) to institute and manage :—
 - (a) Publication Department,
 - (b) University Extension Boards,
 - (c) Information Bureaux, and
 - (d) Employment Bureaux ;
- (xi) to make grants from the funds of the University :—
 - (a) for extra-mural teaching,
 - (b) for physical and military training ;
- (xii) to manage departments, institutes of reasearch or specialized studies, laboratories, libraries, museums and hostels maintained by the University ;

- (xiii) to recognize hostels and to provide housing accommodation for University teachers ;
- (xiv) to register high schools situate outside the Province of Bombay, as may be provided by the Statutes ;
- (xv) to arrange for and direct the inspection of affiliated colleges, recognized institutions and hostels, to issue instructions for maintaining their efficiency and for ensuring proper conditions of employment for members of their staff, and in case of disregard of such instructions, to recommend modification of the conditions of their affiliation or recognition or take such other steps as it deems proper ;
- (xvi) to call for reports, returns and other information from colleges, recognized institutions or hostels ;
- (xvii) to supervise and control the residence, conduct and discipline of the students of the University and to make arrangements for promoting their health and general welfare ;
- (xviii) to recommend to the Senate the conferment of honorary degrees, titles and academic distinctions in the manner prescribed by the Statutes ;
- (xix) to award fellowships, travelling fellowships, scholarships, studentships, exhibitions, medals and prizes ;
- ✓ (xx) to appoint teachers and servants of the University, ✓ fix their emoluments, if any, and define their duties and the conditions of their service and discipline ;
- (xxi) to recognize a member of the staff of an affiliated college or recognized institution as a professor, reader, lecturer or teacher of the University and withdraw such recognition ;
- (xxii) to appoint examiners, to fix their remuneration and to arrange for the conduct of, and for publishing the results of the University examinations and other tests ;

- (xxiii) to fix, demand and receive such fees and other charges as may be prescribed by the Ordinances ;
- (xxiv) to make, amend and cancel the Ordinances ;
- (xxv) to accept, reject or refer back Regulations framed by the Academic Council ;
- (xxvi) to exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be conferred or imposed on it by this Act, Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations ;
- (xxvii) to exercise all powers of the University not otherwise provided for in the Act or the Statutes and all other powers which are requisite to give effect to the provisions of this Act or the Statutes.

(2) The Syndicate shall make a report to the Senate about all acceptances or transfers of property referred to in clause (vii) of sub-section (1).

(3) The Syndicate shall not transfer any immovable property without the previous sanction of the Senate.

(4) The Syndicate may by Ordinances appoint Committees to carry out its administrative work and define their constitution, functions and tenure.

Academic
Council.

20. (1) The Academic Council shall be the academic body of the University and shall consist of the following persons, namely :—

Class I — Ex-officio

- (i) The Vice-Chancellor—*ex-officio* Chairman,
- (ii) Deans of Faculties,
- (iii) Heads of University Departments,
- (iv) Principals of degree colleges,
- (v) Chairmen of the Boards of Studies,
- (vi) Heads of recognized institutions.

Class II—Other members

Four persons elected by the Senate from amongst themselves provided that a person elected by the Senate shall

cease to hold office as such member if he ceases to be a member of the Senate.

(2) The term of office of the members of the Academic Council other than *ex-officio* members shall be three years.

21. (1) The Academic Council shall have the control and general regulation of, and be responsible for, the maintenance of the standards of teaching and examinations within the University.

Powers
and duties
of the
Academic
Council.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provision and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed or under the provisions of this Act, the Academic Council shall exercise the following powers and perform the following duties, namely:—

- (i) to make Regulations in consultation with the Boards of Studies concerned laying down courses of study;
- (ii) to make Regulations regarding the special courses of study;
- (iii) to arrange for co-ordination of studies and teaching in affiliated colleges and in recognized institutions;
- (iv) to promote research within the University;
- (v) to make proposals for allocating subjects to the Faculties and to assign its own members to the Faculties;
- (vi) to make proposals for the establishment of departments, institutes of research and specialized studies, libraries, laboratories and museums;
- (vii) to make proposals for the institution of professorships, readerships, lecturerships and any other posts of teachers required by the University and for prescribing the duties and fixing the emoluments of such posts;
- (viii) to make proposals for the institution of fellowships, travelling fellowships, scholarships, studentships, exhibitions, medals and prizes and to make Regulations for their award;

- (ix) to make Regulations regarding the examinations of the University and the conditions on which students shall be admitted to such examinations ;
- (x) to make Regulations prescribing equivalence of examinations ;
- (xi) to make Regulations prescribing the manner for granting exemptions from approved courses of studies in the University or in affiliated colleges for qualifying for degrees, titles, diplomas and other academic distinctions ;
- (xii) to exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be conferred or imposed on it by this Act, Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations ; and
- (xiii) generally to advise the University on all academic matters.

Faculties
and their
functions.

22. (1) The University shall include the Faculties of Arts, Science, Law, Engineering and Agriculture and such other Faculties as may be prescribed by the Statutes. Each Faculty shall comprise such subjects as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

(2) Each Faculty shall consist of—

- (i) members of the Academic Council who are assigned to the Faculty by the Academic Council, and
- (ii) members of the Boards of Studies for the subjects comprised in the Faculty.

Explanation :— For the purposes of the assignment of members under this subsection, the Academic Council shall not include Deans of Faculties.

(3) The powers and duties of the Faculties and the conditions governing the terms of offices of their members shall be as prescribed by the Statutes.

Deans of
Faculties.

23. (1) There shall be a Dean of each Faculty who shall be elected by the Faculty from amongst its members. The

term of office of a Dean shall be such as may be determined by the Statutes.

(2) The Dean of each Faculty shall be responsible for the due observance of the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations relating to that Faculty.

24. (1) There shall be a Board of Studies for every subject or group of subjects as may be prescribed by the Statutes. Boards of Studies.

(2) Each Board shall consist of —

(i) Heads of University Departments in the subject or group of subjects for which the Board is constituted,

(ii) such numbers of teachers elected by teachers in the subject or subjects for which the Board is constituted from amongst themselves in such manner as may be prescribed by the Statutes,

(iii) persons to be co-opted by the Board, not exceeding such number as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

(3) The Chairman shall be nominated by the Vice-Chancellor from amongst the members of the Board.

(4) The term of office of elected or co-opted members shall be three years.

(5) The Board shall have the right to bring to the notice of the Academic Council or the Syndicate any matter connected with the examinations with which it is concerned and to recommend to the Faculty concerned any matter concerning the courses with which it is concerned,

✓(6) The other powers and duties of the Boards of Studies shall be as prescribed by the Statutes.

25. (1) The University shall establish a Board of Extra-Mural Studies, a Board for Students' Welfare and such other Boards as may be prescribed by the Statutes. University Boards.

(2) The constitution, powers and duties of the Boards established under subsection (1) shall be as prescribed by the Ordinances.

Other
authorities

26. The constitution, powers and duties of such other bodies as may be declared by the Statutes to be authorities of the University shall be as prescribed by the Statutes.

CHAPTER V

STATUTES, ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS

Statutes.

27. Subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by or under the provisions of this act, the Statutes may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely :—

- (i) conferment of honorary degrees ;
- (ii) holding of convocations to confer degrees ;
- (iii) powers and duties of the officers of the University ;
- (iv) constitution, powers and duties of the authorities of the University save as provided in this Act ;
- (v) institution and maintenance by the University of departments, institutes of research or specialized studies and hostels ;
- (vi) acceptance and management of bequests, donations and endowments ;
- (vii) registration of graduates and maintenance of a register of registered graduates ;
- (viii) procedure at meetings of the authorities of the University and for the transaction of their business ;
- (ix) qualifications of professors, readers, lecturers and teachers in affiliated colleges and recognized institutions ;
- (x) all matters which by this Act are to be or may be prescribed by the Statutes.

Statutes,
their
making,
amend-
ment,
repeal and
operation.

28. (1) The Statutes may be made by the Senate or may be amended, repealed or added to by Statutes made by the Senate in the manner hereinafter provided.

(2) The Senate may take into consideration the draft of a Statute either of its own motion or on a proposal by the Syndicate.

(3) The Syndicate may propose to the Senate draft of any Statute to be passed by the Senate.

(4) Such draft shall be considered by the Senate at its next succeeding meeting. The Senate may approve such draft and pass the Statute or may reject it or return it to the Syndicate for reconsideration either in whole or in part together with any amendments which the Senate may suggest. After any draft so returned has been further considered by the Syndicate together with any amendments suggested by the Senate, it shall be again presented to the Senate with the report of the Syndicate thereon and the Senate may then deal with the draft in any manner it thinks fit.

(5) Where a Statute affects the powers or duties of any officer, authority or Board of the University —

- (i) the Syndicate shall, before proposing the draft of such Statute, ascertain and consider the views of the officer, authority or Board concerned ; and
- (ii) the Senate, before passing any such Statute taken into consideration of its own motion, shall ascertain and consider the views of the officer, authority or Board concerned and the opinion of the Syndicate.

(6) Every Statute passed by the Senate shall be submitted to the Chancellor who may give or withhold his assent thereto or refer it back to the Senate for consideration.

(7) No Statute passed by the Senate shall have validity until assented to by the Chancellor.

29. Subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by Ordinances, or under the provisions of this Act, the Syndicate may make Ordinances to provide for all or any of the following matters :—

- (i) conditions under which students shall be admitted to courses of studies for degrees, titles, diplomas and other academic distinctions ;

- (ii) conditions of residence, conduct and discipline of students of the University ;
- (iii) conditions governing the appointment and the duties of examiners ;
- (iv) conduct of examinations ;
- (v) recognition of hostels ;
- (vi) recognition of teachers of the University ;
- (vii) inspection of affiliated colleges, recognized institutions and hostels ;
- (viii) mode of execution of contracts or agreements for, or on behalf of, the University ;
- (ix) rules to be observed and enforced by colleges and recognized institutions in respect of transfer of students ;
- (x) all matters which by this Act or the Statutes are to be or may be provided for by the Ordinances ; and
- (xi) generally all matters for which provision is, in the opinion of the Syndicate, necessary for the exercise of the powers conferred or the performance of the duties imposed upon the Syndicate by this Act or the Statutes.

Making of Ordinances.

30. (1) Ordinances shall be made by the Syndicate :

Provided that no Ordinance concerning the matters referred to in clauses (i), (iii), (iv) and (vi) of section 29 or any other matter connected with the maintenance of the standards of teaching and examinations within the university shall be made unless a draft of the same has been proposed by the Academic Council.

(2) The Syndicate shall not have power to amend any draft proposed by the Academic Council under sub-section (1) but may reject it or return it to the Academic Council for reconsideration, either in whole or in part, together with any amendments which the Syndicate may suggest.

(3) All Ordinances made by the Syndicate shall, except as provided by this Act, have effect from such date as it may direct but every Ordinance so made shall be laid before

the Senate and shall be considered by the Senate at its next succeeding meeting.

(4) The Senate shall have power by a resolution to cancel or to refer back but not to amend any such Ordinance. The resolution shall be passed by a majority of not less than two thirds of the members present at such meeting, the majority comprising not less than one-half of the members of the Senate.

(5) The Vice-Chancellor shall, on the application of not less than fifty members of the Senate, suspend the operation of any such Ordinance until the Senate has considered it as provided in sub-section (3).

31. (1) The Academic Council may, subject to the approval of the Syndicate, make regulations, consistent with this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances providing for all matters which by this Act, the Statutes or the Ordinances are to be provided for by Regulations and for all other matters solely concerning itself. Regulations and Rules.

(2) Any authority of the University specified in clauses (iv) to [(vii)]¹ of section 14 and any other Board of the University may, subject to the approval of the Syndicate make rules, consistent with this Act, the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations, providing for all matters solely concerning such authority or Board.

CHAPTER VI

AFFILIATION AND RECOGNITION

32. (1) A college applying for affiliation to the University shall send a letter of application to the Registrar, and shall satisfy the Syndicate and the Academic Council — Affiliation.

¹ These brackets and figure were substituted for the brackets and figure "(vi)" by Bom. 53 of 1949, s. 3, Second Schedule.

- (a) that the college will supply a need in the locality, having regard to the type of education intended to be provided by the college, the existing provision for the same type of education made by other colleges in the neighbourhood, and the suitability of the locality where the college is to be established ;
- (b) that the college is to be under the management of a regularly constituted governing body ;
- (c) that the strength and qualifications of the teaching staff and the conditions governing their tenure of office are such as to make due provision for the courses of instruction, teaching or training to be undertaken by the college ;
- (d) that the buildings in which the college is to be located are suitable, and that provision will be made, in conformity with the Ordinances, for the residence in the college or in lodgings approved by the college, of students not residing with their parents or guardians, and for the supervision and welfare of students ;
- (e) that due provision has been made or will be made for a library ;
- (f) where affiliation is sought in any branch of experimental science, that arrangements have been or will be made in conformity with the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations for imparting instruction in that branch of science in a properly equipped laboratory or museum ;
- (g) that due provision will, as far as circumstances may permit, be made for the residence of the Principal and some members of the teaching staff in or near the college or the place provided for the residence of students ;
- (h) that the financial resources of the college are such as to make due provision for its continued maintenance and efficient working ; and

- (i) that the college rules fixing the fees (if any) to be paid by the students have not been so framed as to involve such competition with any existing college in the same neighbourhood as would be injurious to the interests of education.

The application shall further contain an assurance that after the college is affiliated, any transference of management and all changes in the teaching staff and all other changes which result in any of the aforesaid requirements not being fulfilled or continued to be fulfilled shall be forthwith reported to the Syndicate.

- (2) On receipt of a letter of application under sub-section (1) the Syndicate shall—

- (a) direct a local inquiry to be made by a competent person or persons authorized by the Syndicate in this behalf in respect of the matters referred to in sub-section (1) and such other matters as may be deemed necessary and relevant;
- (b) make such further inquiry as may appear to it to be necessary; and
- (c) record its opinion after consulting the Academic Council on the question whether the application should be granted or refused, either in whole or in part, stating the results of any inquiry under clauses (a) and (b).

(3) The Registrar shall submit the application and all proceedings, if any, of the Academic Council and the Syndicate relating thereto to the Provincial Government which, after such inquiry as may appear to it to be necessary, shall grant or refuse the application or any part thereof.

(4) Where the application or any part thereof is granted, the order of the Provincial Government shall specify the courses of instruction in respect of which the college is affiliated, and where the application or any part thereof is refused, the grounds of such refusal shall be stated.

(5) As soon as possible after the Provincial Government makes its order, the Registrar shall submit to the Senate a full report regarding the application, the action taken thereon under sub-sections (2) to (4) and of all proceedings connected therewith.

(6) An application under sub-section (1) may be withdrawn at any time before an order is made under sub-section (3).

Extension
of affilia-
tion.

33. Where a college desires to add to the courses of instruction in respect of which it is affiliated the procedure prescribed by section 32 shall, so far as may, be followed.

Recognition
of institu-
tions of
research and
specialized
studies.

34. (1) The Syndicate shall have the power, after consultation with the Academic Council, to recognize as a recognized institution any institution of research or specialised studies other than a college.

(2) An institution applying for recognition under this section shall send a letter of application to the Registrar and shall give full information in the letter of application in respect of the following matters, namely :—

- (a) constitution and personnel of the managing body;
- (b) subjects and courses in regard to which recognition is sought;
- (c) accommodation, equipment and the number of students for whom provision has been or is proposed to be made;
- (d) the strength of the staff, their qualifications and salaries and the research work done by them;
- (e) fees levied or proposed to be levied and the financial provision made for capital expenditure on buildings and equipment and for the continued maintenance and efficient working of the institution.

(3) Before taking the application into consideration the Syndicate may call for any further information which it may deem necessary.

(4) If the Syndicate decides to take the application into consideration, it may direct a local inquiry to be made by a competent person or persons authorized by it in this behalf. After considering the report made as a result of such local inquiry and making such further inquiry as may appear to it to be necessary, the Syndicate shall, after consultation with the Academic Council, grant or refuse the application or any part thereof. Where the application or any part thereof is granted, the Syndicate shall specify the subjects and the courses of instruction in respect of which the institution is recognized and make a report to that effect to the Academic council and the Senate at their next succeeding meeting. Where the application or any part thereof is refused the grounds of such refusal shall be stated.

35. (1) Every affiliated college and recognized institution shall furnish such reports, returns and other information as the Syndicate after consulting the Academic Council may require to enable it to judge of the efficiency of the college or institution. Inspection
of colleges
and reports.

(2) The Syndicate shall cause every such college or institution to be inspected from time to time by one or more competent persons authorized by the Syndicate in this behalf.

(3) The Syndicate may call upon any college or institution so inspected to take, within a specified period, such action as may appear to it to be necessary in respect of any of the matters referred to in sub-section (1) of section 32 and sub-section (2) of section 34.

36. (1) The rights conferred on a college by affiliation may be withdrawn in whole or in part or modified if the college has failed to carry out any of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 32 or the college has failed to observe any of the conditions of its affiliation or the college is conducted in a manner which is prejudicial to the interests of education. Withdrawal
of affiliation

(2) A motion for the withdrawal or the modification of such rights shall be initiated only in the Syndicate. The member of the Syndicate who intends to move such a motion shall give notice of it and shall state in writing the grounds on which it is made.

(3) Before taking the said motion into consideration, the Syndicate shall send a copy of the notice and written statement mentioned in sub-section (2) to the Principal of the college concerned, together with an intimation that any representation in writing submitted within a period specified in such intimation on behalf of the college will be considered by the Syndicate :

Provided that the period so specified may, if necessary, be extended by the Syndicate.

(4) On receipt of the representation or on the expiry of the period referred to in sub-section (3), the Syndicate after considering the notice of motion, statement and representation, and after such inspection by any competent person or persons authorized by the Syndicate in this behalf, and such further inquiry as may appear to it to be necessary and after consulting the Academic Council shall make a report to the Senate.

(5) On receipt of the report under sub-section (4) the Senate shall after such further inquiry, if any, as may appear to it to be necessary, record its opinion in the matter :

Provided that no resolution of the Senate recommending the withdrawal of affiliation shall be deemed to have been passed by it unless the resolution has obtained the support of two-thirds of the members present at a meeting of the members present at a meeting of the Senate such majority comprising not less than one-half of the members of the Senate.

(6) The Registrar shall submit the proposal and all proceedings, if any, of the Academic Council, the Syndicate and the Senate relating thereto, to the Provincial Government which, after such further inquiry, if any, as may

appear to it to be necessary, shall make such order as it deems fit.

(7) Where by an order made under sub-section (6), the rights conferred by affiliation are withdrawn in whole or in part or modified, the grounds for such withdrawal or modification shall be stated in the order.

37. (1) The rights conferred on an institution by recognition may be withdrawn or suspended for any period if the institution has failed to observe any of the conditions of its recognition or the institution is conducted in a manner which is prejudicial to the interest of education.

Withdrawal
of recogni-
tion.

(2) A motion for such withdrawal or suspension shall be initiated only in the Syndicate. The member of the Syndicate who intends to move such a motion shall give notice of it and shall state in writing the grounds on which it is made.

(3) Before taking the said motion into consideration, the Syndicate shall send a copy of the notice and written statement mentioned in sub-section (2) to the head of the institution concerned, together with an intimation that any representation in writing submitted within a period specified in the intimation on behalf of the institution will be considered by the Syndicate :

Provided that the period so specified may, if necessary, be extended by the Syndicate.

(4) On receipt of the representation or on the expiry of the period referred to in sub-section (3), the Syndicate after considering the notice of motion, statement and representation and after such inspection by any competent person or persons authorized by the Syndicate in this behalf, and after such further inquiry as may appear to it to be necessary and after consulting the Academic Council, shall make a report to the Senate if the Syndicate decides that the recognition should be withdrawn or suspended. No such report for withdrawal or suspension shall be made unless a resolution to that effect is supported by at least two-thirds of the members present at the meeting of the Syndicate.

(5) On receipt of the report under sub-section (4) the Senate shall, after such further inquiry, if any, as may appear to it to be necessary decide whether the recognition should be withdrawn or suspended, as the case may be :

Provided that the recognition shall not be withdrawn or suspended unless a resolution of the Senate to that effect is supported by a majority of at least two-thirds of the members present at the meeting of the Senate such majority comprising not less than one-half of the members of the Senate.

CHAPTER VII

POST-GRADUATE TEACHING

Post-graduate teaching.

38. (1) Within the University Area all post-graduate instruction, teaching and training shall be conducted either by the University or by such affiliated colleges or institutions and in such subjects as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

(2) For the purpose of organizing and co-ordinating the post-graduate instruction, teaching and training in the University area, there shall be constituted a Board to be known as the Board of University Teaching. The constitution, powers and duties of the Board shall be as prescribed by the Statutes.

CHAPTER VIII

ENROLMENT AND DEGREES

Qualification for enrolment of students of the University.

39. No student shall be enrolled as a student of the University unless he has passed—

- (i) the Secondary School Certificate Examination conducted by the Secondary School Certificate Examination Board in such subjects and with such standards of attainments as may be prescribed by the Statutes, or

- (ii) the Entrance Examination, if any, which may be instituted by the University with the consent of the Provincial Government, and held in such subjects and in such manner as may be prescribed by the Statutes, or
- (iii) any other examination prescribed as equivalent to the examinations referred to in clauses (i) and (ii), and possesses such further qualification, if any, as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

40. Every student of the University shall reside in a hostel or under such conditions as may be prescribed by the Ordinances.

Residence
of students.

41. The Senate may institute and confer such degrees, titles, diplomas and other academic distinctions as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

Degrees,
titles,
diplomas
and other
academic
distinctions.

42. If not less than two-thirds of the members of the Syndicate recommend that an honorary degree, title or other academic distinction be conferred on any person on the ground that he is in their opinion, by reason of eminent position and attainments, a fit and proper person to receive such degree, title or other academic distinction and where their recommendation is supported by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the members of the Senate present at a meeting of the Senate, such majority comprising not less than one-half of the members of the Senate, and the recommendation is confirmed by the Chancellor, the Senate may confer on such person the honorary degree, title or other academic distinction so recommended without requiring him to undergo any examination.

Honorary
degree.

43. (1) The Chancellor may, on the recommendation of the Syndicate and of the Senate supported by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the members of each body present at its meeting, such majority comprising not less than one-half of the members of each body, remove the name of any person from the register of graduates or withdraw from

Removal
from mem-
bership of
University
and with-
drawal of
degree or
diploma.

any person a diploma or degree if he has been convicted by a Court of Law of any offence which, in the opinion of the Syndicate and the Senate is a serious offence involving moral turpitude or if he has been guilty of scandalous conduct.

(2) No action under this section shall be taken unless the person concerned is given an opportunity to be heard in his defence in the manner prescribed by the Statutes.

CHAPTER IX

COMMITTEES

Committee of Selection for appointment of teachers of the University.

44. (1) No person shall be appointed as a teacher of the University except on the recommendation of a Committee of Selection constituted for the purpose.

(2) The members of the Committee shall be —

- (i) the Vice-Chancellor—*ex-officio* Chairman;
- (ii) the Head of the University Department in the subject for which the teacher is to be appointed;
- (iii) one member elected by the Syndicate;
- (iv) one member elected by the Academic Council;
- (v) one member nominated by the Chancellor.

(3) The Committee shall investigate the merits of the various candidates, and shall recommend to the Syndicate the names, if any, of persons whom it considers suitable for the post, arranged in the order of merit.

(4) Out of the persons so recommended, the Syndicate, shall make the final selection :

Provided that where the Syndicate proposes to make the appointment otherwise than in accordance with the order of merit arranged by the Committee, the Syndicate shall record its reasons and submit its proposal for the sanction of the Chancellor.

45. (1) No person shall be recognized as a teacher of the University except on the recommendation of a Committee constituted for the purpose.

Committee
for recogni-
tion of
teachers
of the
University.

(2) The members of the Committee shall be —

- (i) The Vice-Chancellor—*ex-officio* Chairman;
- (ii) The Head of the University Department, if any;
- (iii) Four persons having special knowledge of the subject for which the teacher is to be recognized, to be selected as follows, namely :—
 - (a) Two by the Syndicate, who shall not be members of the Senate, members of Faculties or teachers,
 - (b) Two by the Academic Council, from amongst its members.

46. (1) A Committee for each Faculty shall be formed every year for the purpose of drawing up lists for appointments to University examinerships.

Appoint-
ment of
Examiners
Committee.

(2) The members of the Committee shall be —

- (i) The Vice-Chancellor—*ex-officio* Chairman;
- (ii) The Dean of the Faculty;
- (iii) Two members appointed by the Academic Council;
- (iv) One member appointed by the Syndicate.

(3) The Committee shall draw up the lists from amongst persons included in panels to be prepared by the Boards of Studies. The lists so drawn up shall be submitted to the Syndicate. The Syndicate shall make the appointments of examiners :

Provided that no change in the lists shall be suggested or made by the Syndicate except by passing a special resolution stating the specific grounds on which each change suggested or made is based.

(4) If any examiner is unable to act for any cause and a fresh appointment cannot be made in time by the Syndicate,

the Vice-Chancellor shall appoint another examiner to fill the vacancy and shall report such appointment to the Syndicate.

Legal Advisory Committee.

47. (1) There shall be a Legal Advisory Committee to advise the Syndicate and other authorities of the University on matters concerning legal issues.

(2) The constitution, powers and duties of the Committee shall be as prescribed by Ordinances.

Financial Advisory Committee.

48. (1) There shall be a Financial Advisory Committee to advise the Syndicate and other authorities of the University on financial matters.

(2) The Financial Advisory Committee shall consist of —

(i) the Vice-Chancellor—*ex-officio* Chairman, and

(ii) two members elected by the Senate.

(3) The powers and duties of the Committee and the term of office of its members shall be as prescribed by Ordinances.

Committees.

49. All the authorities of the University shall have power to appoint committees. Such committees may include persons who are not members of the authority appointing the committee.

CHAPTER X

FINANCE

University Fund.

50. (1) The University shall establish a fund to be called the University Fund.

(2) The following shall form part of, or be paid into, the University Fund :—

(a) any contribution or grant by the Provincial Government,

(b) the income of the University from all sources including income from fees and charges,

(c) bequests, donations, endowments and other grants, if any.

(3) The University Fund shall be kept in any scheduled bank as defined in the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, [or in a co-operative bank approved by the State Government for the purpose or invested]¹ in securities authorized by the Indian Trusts Act, 1882, at discretion of the Syndicate.

II of 1934
II of 1882

51. (1) The annual accounts of the University shall be prepared under the direction of the Syndicate and shall be submitted to the Provincial Government for audit.

Annual
Accounts
and
Financial
estimates.

(2) The accounts when audited shall be published by the Syndicate in the *Official Gazette* and copies thereof shall, together with the copies of the Audit Report, be submitted to the Senate and to the Provincial Government.

(3) The Syndicate shall also prepare, before such date as may be prescribed by the Statutes, the financial estimates for the ensuing year.

(4) The annual accounts and the financial estimates shall be considered by the Senate at its annual meeting and the Senate may pass resolution with reference thereto and communicate the same to the Syndicate which shall take them into consideration and take such action thereon as it thinks fit, and finally adopt the accounts and financial estimates. The Syndicate shall inform the Senate at its next meeting, of the action taken by it or of its reasons for taking no action.

52. The Annual Report of the University shall be prepared under the direction of the Syndicate and shall be submitted to the Senate on or before such date as may be prescribed by the Statutes and shall be considered by the Senate at the annual meeting. The Senate may pass resolutions thereon and communicate the same to the Syndicate which shall take such action as it thinks fit; and the

Annual
Report.

¹ The words in the brackets were substituted for "or invested" by Bom. 30 of 1954.

Syndicate shall inform the Senate at its next meeting of the action taken by it or of its reasons for taking no action.

CHAPTER XI

SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS

Conditions
of service.

53. Save as otherwise provided by or under this Act, every salaried officer and teacher of the University shall be appointed under a written contract. The contract shall be lodged with the Registrar of the University and a copy thereof shall be furnished to the officer or teacher concerned.

Tribunal
of Arbitra-
tion.

54. Any dispute arising out of a contract between the University and any officer or teacher of the University shall, on the request of the officer or teacher concerned, be referred to a Tribunal of Arbitration consisting of one member appointed by the Syndicate, one member nominated by the officer or teacher concerned and an umpire appointed by the Chancellor. The decision of the Tribunal shall be final and no suit shall lie in any Civil Court in respect of the matter decided by the Tribunal. Every such request shall be deemed to be a submission to arbitration upon the terms of this section within the meaning of the Indian Arbitration Act, 1940, and the provisions of that Act shall apply accordingly.

X of 1940

Pension,
Insurance
and
Provident
Fund.

55. The University shall make adequate provisions for the benefit of its officers, teachers and other servants in matters of insurance, pension and provident fund or for other benefits as it may deem fit in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

Elections
to be by
propor-
tional re-
presentation

56. Every election to the Senate, the Syndicate and the Academic Council under this Act shall be made according to the system of proportional representation by means of a single transferable vote and in such manner as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

57. (1) Any member of any authority or body of the University may resign his office by letter addressed to the Registrar. Vacating
of office.

(2) Any member of any authority or body of the University shall cease to be a member on his being convicted by a Court of Law of an offence which involves moral turpitude.

58. When any vacancy occurs in the office of a member (other than an ex-officio member) of any authority or other body of the University before the expiry of the term of office of such member, the vacancy shall be filled up, as soon as conveniently may be, by the election, nomination, appointment or co-option, as the case may be, of a member who shall hold office so long only as the member in whose place he has been elected, nominated, appointed or co-opted, would have held it, if the vacancy had not occurred : Filling of
casual
vacancies.

Provided that, if the vacancy be of an elected member of the Senate and occurs within six months preceding the date on which the term of office of such member expires, the vacancy shall not be filled.

59. No act or proceeding of any authority or other body of the University shall be invalidated merely by reason of any vacancy in its membership. Proceed-
ings not
invalidated
by vacancy.

60. If any question arises regarding the interpretation of any provision of this Act, or of any Statute, Ordinance, Regulation or Rule, or as to whether a person has been duly elected or appointed as or is entitled to be, a member of any authority or other body of the University, the matter may be referred to the Chancellor and shall be so referred to him if twenty-five members of the Senate so require. The Chancellor shall, after taking such advice as he deems necessary, decide the question and his decision shall be final. Disputes as
to consti-
tution of
University
authority
or body.

61. All acts and orders in good faith done and passed by the University or any of its authorities, bodies or officers shall be final and no suit shall be instituted against or Protection
of acts and
orders.

damage claimed from the University or its authorities, bodies or officers for anything purporting to be done in pursuance of the Act and the Statutes, Ordinances, Regulations and Rules framed thereunder.

CHAPTER XII

TRANSITORY PROVISIONS

Completion
of courses
of students
in colleges
affiliated
to the
Bombay
University.

62. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, or the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations made thereunder, any student of a college situate within the University area and affiliated to the University of Bombay who immediately before the date on which section 5 came into force was studying or was eligible for any examination of the University of Bombay shall be permitted to complete his course in preparation therefor, and the University shall provide for such period and in such manner as may be prescribed by the Statutes for the instruction, teaching, training and examination of such students in accordance with the course of studies of the University of Bombay.

Appoint-
ment of
Vice-
Chancellor

63. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 10, the first Vice-Chancellor shall be appointed by the Provincial Government as soon as practicable after the passing of this Act, for a period not exceeding three years and on such terms and conditions as the Provincial Government thinks fit.

Appoint-
ment of
first
Registrar

64. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 12, the first Registrar shall be appointed by the Provincial Government as soon as practicable after the passing of this Act for a period not exceeding three years and on such conditions as the Provincial Government thinks fit.

Transitory
powers of
the first
Vice-Chan-
cellor.

65. (1) It shall be the duty of the first Vice-Chancellor—
(a) to give recognition to institutions, if any, as far as possible consistently with the provisions of section 34 and

(b) to make arrangements for constituting the Senate, the Syndicate, the Academic Council and other authorities of the University, within six months after the date of his appointment or such longer period not exceeding one year as the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, direct.

(2) The first Vice-Chancellor shall with the assistance of the Advisory Committee consisting of not more than fifteen members nominated by the Provincial Government—

(a) subject to the provisions of the Act and the approval of the Chancellor,—

(i) make provisional Statutes necessary for constituting the aforesaid authorities and regulating the procedure at their meetings and the transaction of their business,

(ii) draw up any rules that may be necessary for regulating the method of election to the aforesaid authorities,

(b) frame the first Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations under this Act and submit them for confirmation to the respective authorities when they commence to exercise their functions.

(3) The authorities constituted under sub-section (1) shall commence to exercise their functions on such date or dates as the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, direct.

(4) The Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations framed by the first Vice-Chancellor shall when confirmed by the respective authorities be published in the *Official Gazette*.

66. (1) At any time after the passing of this Act until such time as the authorities of the University shall commence to exercise their functions —

First appointment of the officers and teachers of the University.

(a) any officer of the University may be appointed by the Vice-Chancellor with the previous sanction of the Chancellor,

- (b) teachers of the University may be appointed by the Chancellor after considering the recommendations of an Advisory Committee consisting of the Vice-Chancellor, the Director of Public Instruction and such other person or persons, if any, as the Chancellor thinks fit to associate with them.

(2) Any appointment made under sub-section (1) shall be for such period not exceeding three years and on such conditions as the appointing authority thinks fit :

Provided that no such appointment shall be made until financial provision has been made therefor.

Extra-ordinary powers of the First Vice-Chancellor.

67. The Vice-Chancellor appointed under section 63 shall have powers until the Syndicate commences to exercise its functions—

- (a) with the previous approval of the Chancellor to make additional statutes to provide for any matter not provided for by the first Statutes,
- (b) to constitute provisional authorities and bodies and on their recommendations to make rules providing for the conduct of the work of the University,
- (c) Subject to the control of the Provincial Government to make such financial arrangements as may be necessary to enable this Act or any part thereof to be brought into force,
- (d) with the sanction of the Chancellor to make for a period not exceeding three years such appointments as may be necessary to enable this Act or any part thereof to be brought into force,
- (e) to appoint any Committee as he may think fit, to discharge such of his functions as he may direct, and
- (f) generally to exercise all or any of the powers conferred on the Syndicate by or under the provisions of this Act.

68. If any difficulty arises as to the first constitution or re-constitution of any authority of the University after the coming into force of this Act or otherwise in first giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Provincial Government, as occasion may require, may by order do anything which appears to it necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty.

Removal by
Provincial
Govern-
ment of
difficulties
at the
commence-
ment of the
Act.

SCHEDULE

[See section 2 (15)¹]

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Belgaum District | 3. Bijapur District |
| 2. Dharwar District | 4. Kanara District |

¹ The brackets and figure "(15)" were substituted for the brackets and figure "(14)" by Bom. 53 of 1949, s. 3, Second Schedule.

THE OFFICERS OF THE UNIVERSITY

CHAPTER I

THE CHANCELLOR

[Appointment and term of office —
Sec. 8 (i), sub-section 1 of Sec. 9]

Powers and Duties

Inspection and Inquiry. Sec. 7 (1), (2), (3) and 4.

Head of the University and President of the Senate and Convocation. Sec. 9 (2) and (3).

Appointment of the Vice-Chancellor. Sec. 10 (1) and (3).

Nomination of members to the Senate. Sec. 15 (1) Class II B.

Annual Meeting of the Senate. Sec. 16 (1).

Assenting to Statutes. Sec. 23 (6) and (7).

Honorary Degrees. Sec. 42.

Removal from membership of the University and withdrawal of degree or diploma. Sec. 43.

Sanction for the appointment of teachers of the University. Sec. 44 (4) proviso.

Appointment of an Umpire on the Tribunal of Arbitration. Sec. 54.

Decision on disputes as to constitution of a University or Body. Sec. 60.

Approval for Provisional Statutes and Election Rules. Sec. 65 (2) (a).

First appointment of the Officers and Teachers of the University. Sec. 66 (1) (a) and (b).

Approval of Statutes additional to the First Statutes and sanction for appointments made before incorporation. Sec. 67 (a) and (b).

CHAPTER II

THE VICE-CHANCELLOR

[Appointment and term of office—*Sections 10 and 63*]

Powers and Duties

General Powers. Section 11.

Recommending persons to the Chancellor for nomination as members to the Senate. Sec. 15 (1) Class II B.

Meetings of the Senate Sec. 16 (2).

Nomination of Chairmen of Boards of Studies. Sec. 24 (3).

Suspension of an Ordinance. Sec. 30 (5).

Emergency appointment of an examiner. Sec. 46 (4).

Transitory powers of the First Vice-Chancellor. Sec. 65.

First appointments of the officers and teachers of the University. Sec. 66.

Extraordinary powers of the First Vice-Chancellor. Sec. 67.

Chairman of Authorities and Statutory Committees. Sections 18, 20, 44, 45 and 48.

St. 1A. The Office of the Vice-Chancellor shall be a full time salaried office, and the person appointed to the office shall be paid a fixed salary of Rs. 1,500/- P. M. without any other allowance. He shall be provided with rent-free residence and shall be entitled to privilege leave at the rate of one month per 11 months of completed service in addition to casual leave.

CHAPTER III

DEANS OF FACULTIES

[Appointment and tenure—*Sections 15 (1) Class (I) (a) (iv), 20 (1) Class I (ii) and 23 (1)*]

St. 1. The Dean of a Faculty shall be elected at a meeting of the Faculty held at the time of the Annual Convocation in the year in which such election is due to take place.

Every one of the Deans so elected shall hold office for one year or until another Dean is elected and may be re-elected.

St. 2. The office of the Dean of a Faculty shall be vacated by death, by resignation, by his ceasing to be a member of the Faculty or by his being absent, without leave from the Vice-Chancellor from two consecutive meetings either of the Faculty or of the Academic Council.

St. 3. A casual vacancy in the office of the Dean occurring for any reason may be filled up at a meeting of the Faculty to be convened by the Vice-Chancellor. A Dean elected to fill up a casual vacancy shall hold office for the unexpired period of the term of office of the Dean in whose vacancy he is elected.

CHAPTER IV

THE REGISTRAR

[Appointment and tenure of office— *Sections 12, 15 (1) Class I (A) (iv)*]

St. 4. The appointment of the Registrar shall ordinarily be on probation for a period of two years. On the expiry of the said period, the appointment shall, subject to the age limit of 60, be made permanent if the Registrar has given satisfaction in his work, of which the Syndicate shall be the sole judge. It shall, however, be competent for the Syndicate and the Registrar, at any time during the period of probation or thereafter, by either party giving not less than six calendar months' notice in writing to the other, or by mutual agreement, to terminate the tenure of his office; provided that no notice to terminate the services of the Registrar shall be given by the Syndicate unless such a step has been approved by the Senate.

St. 5. The Salary of the Registrar shall be fixed from time to time by the Syndicate and he shall be, in addition, entitled to receive such allowances as may be granted to him by the Syndicate.

St. 6. The Registrar shall earn leave on average salary at the rate of one-eleventh of the total period of his active service provided, however, that —

- (a) Leave cannot be claimed as of right;
- (b) Leave is earned by duty only and shall be recorded in the Registrar's leave account;
- (c) Leave, except disability leave, cannot be granted till it has been earned;
- (d) Public holidays may be prefixed and or affixed to leave;
- (e) If the Syndicate recalls the Registrar for duty before the expiry of his leave period, the University shall pay the cost of his journey to Dharwar from where the Registrar is at the time of his recall;
- (f) The maximum amount of accumulated leave on average salary admissible shall be one-eleventh of his total active service;
- (g) The maximum amount of leave in terms of leave on average salary that may be granted at any one time shall be four months;
- (h) The Syndicate may allow the Registrar to take leave on half average salary. When the Registrar takes such leave he shall be debited with half the amount of it in his leave account;
- (i) In case of illness or other sufficient reason, the Syndicate may grant the Registrar special disability leave on average salary if it has not been earned.
- (j) If any person in the service of the University be appointed Registrar, he shall be entitled to whatever leave has become due to him, at the time of such appointment.

EXPLANATION : For the purposes of this Statute average salary means the average monthly salary earned during the twelve complete calendar months immediately preceding the date on which the average salary is calculated.

Powers and Duties

St. 7. The duties of the Registrar shall be as follows :

- (a) To be the custodian of the University Seal, buildings, records, library and such other property of the University as the Syndicate shall commit to his charge.
- (b) To act as the Secretary to the Faculties, the Boards of Studies, the Board of University Teaching, the Committees of Selection for appointment of Teachers of the University, the Committees for recognition of Teachers of the University, the Committees for appointment of Examiners, and to such other Boards or Committees as may be appointed from time to time, and to keep the minutes thereof.
- (c) To conduct the official correspondence of the University Authorities.
- (d) To issue notices convening meetings of the University Authorities, Boards and Committees and to make all arrangements thereof.
- (e) To render such assistance as may be desired by the Vice-Chancellor in the performance of his official duties.

AUTHORITIES OF THE UNIVERSITY

CHAPTER V

THE SENATE

[Constitution : Section— 15 (I) Class II]

St. 8. The following Associations shall elect one member each under the provisions of Section 15 (I) Class II (A) (iv) (e) :—

Representative Association of Journalists :

Karnatak Journalists' Association, Hubli.

Representative Association of Farmers and Agriculturists :

Karnatak Prantik Rayat Committee, Dharwar.

Representative Association of Labourers :

Gokak Girni Rashtriya Majdoor Sangha, Gokak.

St. 9. The Karnatak Chamber of Commerce shall elect two members to the Senate from amongst its members under the provisions of Section 15 (I) Class II (A) (iv) (h).

St. 10. Donors to the University shall elect :

(i) one member under the provisions of Section 15 (I) Class II (E) and

(ii) one member under the provisions of Section 15 (I) Class II (F).

Procedure at Meetings of the Senate

St. 11. Meetings of the Senate shall be held in the University premises unless the Chancellor or the Vice-Chancellor otherwise directs.

St. 12. The Chancellor, or in his absence, the Vice-Chancellor, or in the absence of both, a member elected by the meeting, shall preside at the meetings of the Senate. The senior

most member present shall take the Chair for and until such election only.

St. 13. Twenty members of the Senate shall form a quorum and all questions, unless otherwise specifically provided, shall be decided by a majority of votes of the members present, the Chairman, in the case of an equality of votes, having a second or casting vote.

St. 14. Such proposals and amendments only as are directly connected with the University and are in accordance with the Act shall be entertained and debated in the Senate.

St. 15. Sixteen clear days before the day fixed for a meeting of the Senate, the Registrar shall forward to each member of the Senate a Statement of Business to be brought before the meeting and of the terms of all resolutions to be proposed, together with the name of the proposer of each resolution, of which intimation in writing has previously reached him. The inclusion of the Report of a Committee of the Senate in the Statement of Business shall be equivalent to the notice of motion for its adoption.

St. 16. Clear days shall mean days exclusive of the day on which the notices reach the Registrar or are issued by the Registrar and of the day of the meeting.

Thus, the meeting is fixed for Thursday and 'five clear days' notice is required, the notice must reach the Registrar on the previous Friday, if for Saturday, the notice must reach him on the previous Saturday.

St. 17. When a motion which has been moved by a member of the Senate is referred by the Senate to the Syndicate for report and the report of the Syndicate thereon comes before a subsequent meeting of the Senate for consideration, the report of the Syndicate shall take the place of the original motion, and its adoption shall be moved as a motion recommended by the Syndicate. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Statutes, the mover of the original motion or any other member may move the

amendment that the report be recorded and that the original motion be accepted.

St. 18. Notice in writing of the proposed amendments and the terms thereof and motions for any change in the order of business as set forth in the Statement of Business shall reach the Registrar eight clear days before the day of meeting.

St. 19. The Registrar shall, four clear days before the day of the meeting, forward to each member of the Senate a statement of all the motions and the amendments; and no motion or amendment, of which such notice has not been given, shall be put to the meeting, other than a motion for dissolution, adjournment, suspension of the sitting, for passing to the next business on the Statement, for directing the Syndicate to review their decision, for referring the matter under consideration to the Syndicate, the Academic Council or a Faculty for report, or an amendment accepted by the Chairman as merely formal.

Order of Business

St. 20. Each member, before he takes his place, shall register his attendance in a book placed for the purpose at the entrance to the place of meeting.

St. 21. If within fifteen minutes from the time appointed for the holding of the meeting, a quorum is not present, the Vice-Chancellor or the senior-most member present shall ordinarily adjourn the meeting to the next day at the same hour and time. If for any reason the meeting be adjourned to some other day not being the next day the date and time to which the meeting has been so adjourned, shall be published in a newspaper circulating in the University area; individual notices to members need not be given. In the case of a meeting adjourned for want of quorum, no quorum shall be required.

St. 22. At every meeting the business to be entertained shall be taken in the following order:

- (1) The election of the Chairman, if necessary.

- (2) The signing of the minutes of the previous meeting or adjourned meeting.
- (3) The election of any officer or member of any Authority of the University if such election is a part of the business to be entertained at the meeting.
- (4) The consideration of the Annual Financial Statement and resolutions thereon when they are part of the business to be entertained at the meeting.
- (5) The consideration of Ordinances, motions for making, amending and repealing Statutes, and proposals recommending amendments in the Act.
- (6) Any business and motions of which due notice has been given in the order in which such business and motions are entertained in the Statement of Business and motions to be brought forward, subject to the provisions of this Statute and Statute 27.

Rules of Debate

- St. 23. Every motion shall be moved by the member in whose name it stands, or, if he declines to move it or is absent, it may be moved by any other member.
- St. 24. Every motion at a meeting must be seconded; otherwise, it shall drop. The seconder of a motion may reserve his speech.
- St. 25. When a motion has been seconded it shall be stated from the Chair.
- St. 26. When the proposal has been thus stated, it may be discussed as a question to be resolved simply in the affirmative or negative, or as proposed to be varied by way of amendment. When before or after debate, no member rises to speak to the motion, the Chairman shall proceed to put the motion to the vote in the manner hereinafter mentioned.
- St. 27. A substantive proposal once brought forward shall not be proposed a second time at the same meeting, or at

any adjournment thereof. A proposal substantially identical in part with the one already disposed of may be brought forward at the same meeting or at any adjournment thereof with the omission of such identical part.

St. 28. Not more than one proposal and one amendment thereto shall be placed before the meeting at the same time. Each amendment shall be disposed of before the next is moved. All amendments, which are not withdrawn shall be considered and voted upon. In case no notice of amendment has been given, the Senate shall at once proceed to consider and to vote upon the proposal.

St. 29. In any debate a member may move (but not make any speech on the motion) " that the question be now put " and, unless it shall appear to the Chairman that such motion is an infringement of the rights of reasonable debate, the motion " that the question be now put " shall be put to the vote forthwith, and decided without amendment or debate.

St. 30. When the motion " that the question be now put " has been carried, the Chairman shall call upon the mover of the proposal or amendment under consideration to reply.

Amendments

St. 31. No amendment shall be moved which would reduce the proposal to negative form.

St. 32. No amendment shall be moved which raises a question already disposed of by the meeting, or is inconsistent with any resolution already adopted in that meeting.

St. 33. The order in which amendments to a proposal are to be brought shall be determined by the Chairman with reference to their extent and mutual relation.

St. 34. An amendment, the substance of which has been disposed of in part may be modified by its proposer so as to retain only the parts not so disposed of.

St. 35. When an amendment has been moved and seconded it shall be stated from the Chair, and then the debate may proceed on the original proposal and the amendment together ; but so far as the question raised by the amendment is one on which he has not yet spoken, any member may speak on that question, though he has spoken on the original question, or on a previous amendment to it.

St. 36. (a) The form of every amendment shall be such that it modifies the original motion by any or all of the following methods— (1) By addition of words. (2) By deletion of words. (3) By substitution of words and the mover of the amendment shall state the motion or part thereof affected as it would stand when so amended.

(b) An amendment must be relevant to and within the scope of the motion to which it is proposed.

(c) An amendment in the alternative shall not be moved.

St. 37. If any amendment be carried, it shall become a part of the motion before the Senate and the motion shall be modified accordingly ;

St. 38. When all the amendments of which due notice had been given, have been considered, the original motion, or the original motion amended in the course of the debate, shall be placed before the Senate and put to vote without further discussion.

Withdrawal of a Motion

St. 39. No motion shall be withdrawn from the decision of the Senate without its unanimous consent. If the mover states his wish to withdraw his proposal or amendment and if no objection is raised thereto in the interval allowed by the Chairman for the purpose, the Chairman shall declare that such proposal or amendment is withdrawn with the consent of the Senate.

The Senate resolving itself into a Committee

- St. 40. (a) The Senate may, when it thinks fit, resolve itself into a Committee to consider any item on the Statement of Business.
- (b) A motion for resolving the Senate into a Committee may be made by any member at any time (but not so as to interrupt a speech) without the notice required under Statute 18 ; but can only be placed before the Senate for consideration, if the Chairman gives permission.
- (c) No speech shall be allowed in moving the proposal.
- (d) No such motion shall be considered unless at least fifteen members rise in support thereof.
- (e) The motion, having been duly seconded, shall be put to the meeting without further discussion and shall only be carried if two thirds of the members present vote in its favour.
- St. 41. (a) When the Senate decides in this manner to resolve itself into a Committee, the Chairman shall be the same as for the meeting of the Senate and the quorum shall be the same as for the meeting of the Senate.
- (b) The manner of conducting the discussion shall be in the discretion of the Chairman. When in the judgment of the Chairman, the matter under consideration has been sufficiently discussed, the Committee shall embody its conclusions in a report to be signed by the Chairman.
- (c) The period during which the Senate is sitting in Committee shall be considered as a suspension of the sitting of the Senate and immediately on the termination of this period, the Senate shall be again called to order by the Chairman and the report of

the Committee's deliberations presented to it by the Registrar.

- (d) If the report of the Committee involves recommendations not covered by any motion and the amendment to that motion in the Statement of Business for the meeting, such recommendations shall not be considered by the Senate until notice thereof has been given as required under Statute 18.
- (e) A motion made as a result of the deliberations of such a Committee may be presented to the Senate without previous consideration of the Syndicate.

Adjournment etc.

St. 42. A motion "that this meeting be now dissolved" may be moved at any time as a distinct proposal but not as an amendment nor so as to interrupt a speech. If the motion is carried, the business before the meeting shall drop.

St. 43. The motion "that the meeting be now adjourned to some specified time" may be moved at any time as a distinct question, but not as an amendment nor, except on the motion of the Chairman, so as to interrupt a speech. If it be negatived, the debate shall be resumed. The same rule shall apply to a meeting of the Senate sitting as a Committee.

St. 44 No amendment shall be moved to the proposal under Statute 43 except for substituting a different time for that to which it is proposed to adjourn the meeting.

St. 45. The motion "that the meeting pass on to the next business on the Statement of Business" may be moved at any time as a distinct proposal, but not as an amendment, nor so as to interrupt a speech. If such a motion be carried, the proposal under consideration shall not be further dealt with at the meeting.

St. 46. No motion for the dissolution, or for the adjournment of the meeting, or to pass on to the next business, shall be made or spoken to during a debate by any member who has

already spoken in the debate. Any such motion shall take the place of the proposal that may be before the meeting and, if not withdrawn, shall be disposed of forthwith.

St. 47. When a motion for the dissolution, or for adjournment, or for suspension, or to pass on to the next business has been brought forward and negatived, no fresh motion of a similar nature shall be again brought forward until after the lapse of what the Chairman may deem a reasonable time.

Right of Speech and Reply

St. 48. On each proposal, or proposal and amendment in debate, a member may speak once, subject to the provisions of Statute 35.

St. 49. After the mover of a motion or amendment has spoken, the other members may, save as otherwise provided, speak on the motion or amendment in such order as the Chairman may decide.

St. 50. Save in the exercise of a right of reply, or as otherwise provided, no member shall speak more than once except with the permission of the Chairman for the purpose of making a personal explanation; but, in such cases no debatable matter shall be brought forward.

St. 51. The mover of a motion may speak a second time on the conclusion of a debate by way of reply.

St. 52. The mover of an amendment, or when there is no amendment, the mover of the proposal may make a reply upon the debate before the vote is taken. But the mover of a proposal for dissolution or adjournment, or for passing to the next item on the Statement of Business has no right of reply.

St. 53. No member shall speak on a motion after the mover has entered on his reply.

St. 54. The Chairman has the same right of moving or seconding a motion or amendment and of otherwise taking part in the debate as any other member. When the Chairman thus takes part in the debate, he shall vacate the Chair whilst he is addressing the meeting, and the Chair shall, during such time, be taken by the senior-most member present, not being the Chairman.

Points of Order

St. 55. Any member may call the Chairman's attention to a point of order even whilst another member is addressing the meeting, but beyond stating the precise point of order raised, he shall not make a speech. Any such call pronounced by the Chairman to be vexatious, and any interruption or obstruction to the progress of the business before the Senate pronounced by the Chairman to be unseemly or unreasonable, shall be deemed a breach of order.

St. 56. The Chairman shall be the sole judge on any point of order and may call any member to order; and if the member so called to order disregards such call, the Chairman may direct him to sit down and thereupon another member may speak.

St. 57. In the event of any contumacious disregard of a ruling or call to order, the Chairman may request the member so offending to leave the meeting, and on such request the member named by the Chairman shall be suspended from his functions as a member during the sitting and shall be bound immediately to withdraw.

Voting.

St. 58. On putting any question to the vote, the Chairman shall call for an indication of the opinion of the Senate by a show of hands in the affirmative or negative, or by sitting and rising, and shall declare the result thereof according to his impression. If the votes are actually counted, the number of votes for and against shall be recorded in the minutes.

St. 59. Any member may, immediately before or after the declaration of the result, demand a Division except on a motion for adjournment.

Voting in all divisions shall be by Ballot,

St. 60. The Chairman shall thereupon appoint four tellers, two on each side; and shall give such directions for conducting the Division as he shall consider expedient.

St. 61. In every Division only such members as were present when the question was put to vote shall be entitled to vote. Voting shall be on papers supplied at the meeting by the Registrar and every voting paper shall be returned with or without the vote.

St. 62. Upon the Chairman announcing the Division to be closed, the Tellers shall state in writing the number on each side, sign the statement, and hand it to the Chairman, together with the voting papers (in separate bundles), whereupon the Chairman shall declare the result of the Division of the meeting, and the result shall be recorded in the minutes.

St. 63. If, after a Division has been taken, at least five members present demand a recount, the Chairman shall appoint two or more members to act with the Tellers. The Tellers shall report the facts found by them to the Chairman, who shall thereupon declare the result to the meeting, and such declaration shall be conclusive.

Lapsing of Business

St. 64. All motions, together with their amendments, if any, on the Statement of Business of a Senate meeting which have not been moved or voted upon for want of time or for any other reason at the meeting to which the Statement of Business relates, shall, at the close of the meeting, be demand to lapse; such motions shall not be placed on the Statement of Business of the next or subsequent meeting, save on receipt of a fresh notice;

provided, however, that a motion shall not lapse if a part thereof or an amendment thereto has been voted upon.

Minutes

St. 65. After every meeting or adjourned meeting of Senate, the Registrar shall, as early as possible within six weeks, send a copy of the draft minutes of such meeting to the address of each member of the Senate. In the event of any exception being taken to the accuracy of the minutes circulated, the attention of the Chairman shall be called to the matter before he signs the minutes and he shall make such alterations as may find to be necessary.

SENATE COMMITTEE

The Financial Advisory Committee

[*Section 48*]

Constitution and Procedure

- O. 50.** The elected members of the Financial Advisory Committee shall hold office for two years.
- O. 51.** The Committee shall meet ordinarily once a year in the month of February and at other times when convened by the Chairman.

Powers and Duties

- O. 52.** The powers and duties of the Committee shall be —
- (i) To examine the annual budget estimates and advise the Syndicate thereon.
 - (ii) To conduct a general examination of the accounts of the University and review the audit report for the year.
 - (iii) To make recommendations to the Syndicate on all matters relating to the finances of the University.

- (iv) To examine every proposal for new expenditure involving a sum exceeding Rs. 5,000 and advise the Syndicate thereon.
- (v) To review the financial position periodically and generally advise the Syndicate for improving the financial position of the University.

CHAPTER VI

THE SYNDICATE

[Constitution— *Section 18*]

St. 66. The following Faculties shall be represented on the Syndicate under the provisions of Section 18 (i) (iv) and Statute 83 by members respectively belonging to them in the manner shown below :—

Faculty of Arts.	1
Faculties of Social Sciences and Law (<i>Jointly</i>)	2
Faculty of Science	1
Faculties of Agriculture & Engineering.	1

Procedure

St. 67. The Syndicate shall meet ordinarily once a month, and at other times when convened by the Vice-Chancellor, or in his absence, by any other officer of the University to whom the Vice-Chancellor has delegated this power [*Section 11 (2)*].

St. 68. Seven members shall constitute a quorum and all questions shall be decided by a majority of votes of the members present at the meeting.

St. 69. The Vice-Chancellor, or in his absence, the senior-most member shall preside at all meetings of the Syndicate. In the case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

*Powers and Duties**(Sections 19 and 49)*

St. 70. Every Authority of the University except the Senate shall report on any subject that may be referred to it by the Syndicate.

St. 71. Any Authority or any member of the Senate may make recommendations to the Syndicate and may propose for its consideration any Statute or Ordinance.

*Registration of Schools**[Section 19 (1) (xiv)]*

St. 72. In registering High Schools situated outside the Province of Bombay under this clause, the Syndicate shall fix a date for the receipt every year, of applications for such registration, on a form officially prescribed, and on receipt of such applications, if it deems fit, cause a local inquiry to be made and take such action as it may deem necessary on the result of such inquiry.

*Establishment of University Hostels**[Section 27 (v)]*

St. 73. Proposals for the establishment of University hostels shall be considered by the Syndicate in the first instance, and a draft Statute relating thereto shall be submitted to the Senate for approval and adoption.

St. 74. Hostels maintained by the University shall be inspected periodically by a Committee appointed by the Syndicate and the report of the said Committee together with the resolution of the Syndicate thereon, shall be submitted to the Senate for information.

*Preparation of Financial Estimates**[Section 51 (3)]*

St. 75. The Syndicate shall prepare the financial estimates and submit them for the ensuing year to the Senate, at least

six weeks before the date fixed for the Annual Meeting of the Senate.

The financial year of the University shall be from 1st July to 30th June.

Preparation of the Annual Report

[Section 52]

St. 76. The Syndicate shall take all steps to have the Annual Report of the University prepared under its direction and copies thereof shall be submitted to the members of the Senate at least four weeks before the date fixed for the annual meeting of the Senate.

SYNDICATE BOARDS AND COMMITTEES

(i) The Library Committee

Constitution and Procedure

O. 1. The Library Committee shall consist of eight members appointed by the Syndicate. Of these eight members, there shall be at least four members of the Academic Council belonging to different Faculties.

O. 2. The members of the Committee shall hold office for three years and may be re-appointed. The office of a member of the Library Committee shall be vacated by death, resignation or by the member being absent from three consecutive meetings without the permission of the Chairman. This applies to all the members including the Deans.

O. 3. The Chairman shall be elected by the Committee and shall hold office for three years.

O. 4. The Chairman, if present, shall preside at all meetings of the Committee and in his absence, the senior-most member present shall preside.

- O. 5. The Committee shall meet once every term and at other times when convened by the Chairman. The Chairman shall, on the requisition of not less than six members of the Committee, convene a meeting within fifteen days of the receipt of the requisition.
- O. 6. Four members shall constitute the quorum for the meeting and all questions shall be decided by a majority of votes of the members present. The Chairman shall, in the case of an equality of votes, have a second or casting vote.
- O. 6A. The Librarian shall be the Secretary of the Library Committee.

Powers and Duties

- O. 7. (i) The Library Committee shall, subject to the control of the Syndicate, manage the Library and advise the Syndicate on any matter connected with the Library referred to it by the Syndicate.
- In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers, the Committee shall have the power to make recommendations to the Syndicate for—
- (a) the allotment of the funds set apart for the Library,
 - (b) the appointment of the staff of the Library, including the Librarian, and
 - (c) all matters connected with the Library.
- (ii) The Committee shall report to the Syndicate, for information, the purchase of books and the disposal of such books, as in the opinion of the Committee, are either worthless, unserviceable or otherwise useless. For the purpose of this Ordinance, books shall include manuscripts and periodicals.
- (iii) The Library Committee shall have the power to make rules governing the use of the Library from time to time and to amend them. Such rules, and any changes made therein, shall be reported to the Syndicate.

- O. 8. The Library Committee shall keep an account of all funds provided for the purposes of the Library, and forward a statement of such accounts to the Registrar, for submission to the Syndicate, every three months.
- O. 9. There shall be a separate account in the bank under the name "Library Account".
- O. 10. All bills in respect of books purchased for the Library shall be verified and checked by the Librarian and shall be countersigned by the Chairman of the Library Committee in attestation of their correctness.
- O. 11. All cheques shall be signed by the Registrar after satisfying himself that the amounts entered in them tally with the bills.

(ii) University Board of Sports

Constitution and Procedure

- O. 12. The University Board of Sports shall consist of —
- (i) The Head of the University Department in charge of the University Students' Hostel (*Ex-Officio*).
 - (ii) Principals of Colleges nominated by the Syndicate to represent each of the centres of the University area where colleges are situated provided that no such centre shall have more than one representative. If a Principal nominated for a centre is unable to attend a meeting of the Board, he is empowered to send a Deputy.
 - (iii) Four members appointed by the Syndicate. These members shall ordinarily be persons possessing expert knowledge and experience in branch or branches of sports.
- O. 13. The members nominated and appointed by the Syndicate shall hold office for one year, but shall be eligible for re-nomination or re-appointment.
- O. 14. The Secretary to the University Board of Sports shall be appointed by the Syndicate.

- O. 15. The Board shall elect its Chairman from amongst the nominated and ex-officio members, at its first meeting of the academic year. The Chairman shall preside at all meetings of the Board, and hold office for one year and continue until another Chairman is elected. In the absence of the Chairman at a meeting, the members present shall elect a Chairman from amongst the nominated and ex-officio members. Five members shall form a quorum. No quorum shall be necessary for an adjourned meeting.
- O. 16. The Board shall meet once every six months or whenever necessary, on such days as may be fixed by the Chairman.

Powers and Duties

- O. 17. The objects of the Board are to organize, control, manage or supervise Inter-Collegiate Sports and Tournaments within the jurisdiction of the University, and to foster, undertake and conduct Inter-University competitions.
- O. 18. The powers and functions of the Board shall be—
- (i) To frame rules for the conduct of Sports, Events and Tournaments.
 - (ii) To prepare their budget for submission to the Syndicate.
 - (iii) To decide whether the University should participate in the several Inter-University Competitions and to make budget for the expenses involved in such participation.
 - (iv) To appoint Committees, to select University Teams, and to conduct University Competitions whenever the University is asked to do so by the Inter-University Sports Board.
 - (v) Generally to take such steps as may be found necessary in the due discharge of their responsibilities.
 - (vi) To settle disputes between colleges in the University area.
- O. 19. The Board may appoint Committees and delegate to them such of the powers as may be necessary for the

discharge by the Committees of the duties imposed upon them by the Board.

(iii) University Estates Committee

Constitution and Procedure

- O. 20. The University Estates Committee shall consist of —
- (i) the Vice-Chancellor (*Ex-Officio Chairman*),
 - (ii) the Executive Engineer, Dharwar Division (P.W.D.) Dharwar (*Ex-Officio*),
 - (iii) three persons appointed by the Syndicate for a period of three years.
- O. 21. The Committee shall meet once a year before the Annual Convocation, and at other times when convened by the Vice-Chancellor.
- O. 22. The Vice-Chancellor shall preside at all meetings of the Committee, and in his absence, the members shall elect the Chairman.

Powers and Duties

- O. 23. The Committee shall be in charge of the University Estates and shall recommend to the Syndicate any repairs, alterations or additions to the existing buildings, which it may deem necessary or urgent, and shall advise the Syndicate in all matters relating to the University Estates.

(iv) University Information Bureau

Constitution and Procedure

- O. 24. The Bureau shall consist of the Vice-Chancellor, who shall be its *Ex-officio* Chairman and seven other members appointed by the Syndicate to represent the branches of Arts, Social Sciences, Science, Law, Medicine, Engineering and Agriculture.
- O. 25. The term of office of a member of the Bureau, shall be one year and the Syndicate shall have the power to

make appointments to fill up temporary vacancies caused by death, resignation or by any other cause whatsoever. A retiring member shall be eligible for re-appointment.

O. 26. The Bureau shall meet ordinarily once every term and at other times when convened by the Vice-Chancellor, provided always, that no meeting need be called, if in the opinion of the Vice-Chancellor, there is not sufficient business.

O. 27. The Vice-Chancellor shall preside at all meetings of the Bureau and, in his absence, the members shall elect their own Chairman. Three members shall form a quorum for a meeting of the Bureau.

Powers and Duties

O. 28. The functions of the Bureau shall be—

- (i) To collect and furnish information in regard to the Universities and Educational Institutions in India and abroad.
- (ii) To advise students regarding facilities for advanced work or Courses of study in the various Universities and Institutions.
- (iii) To correspond with Universities and other Institutions in India and abroad with a view to placing students in suitable conditions of study in those Universities and Institutions.

O. 29. (1) The Bureau shall have the power to correspond direct with such Universities, Institutions and persons as agree to such direct correspondence, and, in other cases, the Bureau shall correspond through the diplomatic agencies of the Government of India.

(2) The Bureau shall have the power to take a deposit from any applicant who desires expenditure to be incurred on his behalf.

(3) The Bureau shall have the power to refuse to forward any application for reasons deemed by it sufficient.

(v) Board of Extra-Mural Studies

[Section 25]

Constitution and Procedure

O. 30. The Board of Extra-Mural Studies shall consist of—

- (i) The Vice-Chancellor (*Ex-Officio* Chairman)
- (ii) The Director of Education or his nominee.
- (iii) One representative of the Karnatak Regional Library.
- (iv) Two members nominated by the Syndicate, one from among the representatives of the Municipal School Board and one from among the representatives of the District School Boards on the Senate.
- (v) Five other members nominated by the Syndicate provided that not less than two of these are from the Academic Council and one at least from the University Publication Board.

O. 31. The nominated members of the Board shall hold office for two years.

O. 32. The Board shall meet once every term and at other times when convened by the Chairman. Five members of the Board shall form a quorum.

Powers and Duties

O. 33. The functions of the Board shall be —

- (1) To make arrangements for instruction and training as provided for under Section 4 (11) by appointing Extension Boards.
- (2) To fix conditions for the admission of students and the payment of fees, if any.
- (3) To recommend to the Syndicate the grant of certificates to persons who have satisfactorily completed a course

of lectures on some subject or subjects approved by the Board and have passed an examination in it if any, held by the Board.

- (4) To recommend to the University Board of Publication, the writing, compilation and publications, of popular books on topics of general interest.

O. 34. Extra-Mural instruction arranged by the University outside the regular courses and studies for degrees and diplomas of post-graduate courses shall include the following:—

- (1) Popular lectures delivered at the University or at selected centres within the territorial limits of the University.
(2) Summer schools, adult education courses and other similar courses of instruction.

(vi) University Publication Board

Constitution and Procedure.

O. 35. The University Publication Board shall consist of —

- (i) The Vice-Chancellor (*Ex-Officio Chairman*),
(ii) Six members nominated by the Syndicate to represent the different Faculties from amongst the members of the respective Faculties, and
(iii) Three members appointed by the Syndicate for their expert knowledge and experience.

Members appointed by the Syndicate shall hold office for three years.

O. 36. Any casual vacancy caused by death, resignation or the member's ceasing to hold a particular office, or to answer a particular designation, by virtue of which he became a member, shall be filled by the Syndicate by nomination. A member so nominated shall hold office for the unexpired residue of the term of office of the original member whose place he occupies.

O. 37. The Board shall meet annually in September, or whenever convened by the Vice-Chancellor *suo motu*, or on the requisition of not less than three members of the Board. Five

members of the Board shall form a quorum for a meeting of the Board. No quorum shall be necessary for an adjourned meeting.

O. 38. The Vice-Chancellor, shall, if present, preside at meetings of the Board, and in his absence, the senior-most member present shall preside.

O. 39. All questions shall be decided by a majority of votes of the members present. In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

Powers and Duties

O. 40. The functions of the Board shall be—

- (i) to recommend to the Syndicate the publication grants of the University;
- (ii) to undertake, with the sanction of the Syndicate, publication of—
 - (a) a University Journal;
 - (b) any other work, literary or scientific, considered suitable by the Board;
 - (c) Text-books and books of popular interest.

(vii) Board of Students' Welfare

Constitution and Procedure

O. 41. The Board of Students' Welfare shall consist of---

- (i) The Vice-Chancellor (*Ex-Officio Chairman*),
- (ii) The Chairman of the Board of Sports (*Ex-Officio*),
- (iii) Two Doctors appointed by the Syndicate, and
- (iv) Four members to be nominated by the Syndicate, two of whom shall be Principals of Colleges.

O. 42. Members of the Board, other than the *ex-officio* members, shall hold office for a period of three years. A Principal of a College nominated under the last clause shall cease to hold office on ceasing to be a Principal. Any casual vacancy caused by death, resignation or otherwise shall be filled by nomination, and

a member so nominated shall hold office for the unexpired residue of the term of office of the original member whose place he occupies.

O. 43. The Board shall meet once at least before the Annual Convocation each year and at other times, when convened by the Chairman *suo motu* or on receipt of a requisition in writing by at least four members.

O. 44. The quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be four members and the Vice-Chancellor shall, if present, preside at the meetings of the Board, and in his absence, the senior-most member present shall preside.

O. 45. All questions shall be decided by a majority of votes of the members present. In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

Powers and Duties

O. 46. The functions of the Board shall be—

- (i) to advise the Syndicate on —
 - (a) the medical examination of students ;
 - (b) the physical training of students ;
 - (c) the hygiene and dietetics in college canteens and Students' Hostels.
- (ii) To prepare the accounts of the current year, and the budget of the succeeding year in respect of the items falling under (i) above and to submit the same to the Registrar on or before the 15th February of each year for the consideration of the Syndicate.

(viii) The Legal Advisory Committee

[Section 47]

Constitution and Procedure

O. 47. The Legal Advisory Committee shall consist of—

- (i) The Vice-Chancellor (*Ex-Officio Chairman*).

- (ii) The Dean of the Faculty of Law (*Ex-Officio*).
- (iii) Two members appointed by the Syndicate who shall ordinarily be persons having expert knowledge of law and shall hold office for two years but shall be eligible for re-appointment.

O. 48. The Committee shall meet ordinarily once a year at the time of the Annual Convocation and at other times when convened by the Chairman.

Powers and Duties

O. 49. The powers and duties of the Committee shall be —

- (i) To advise the Syndicate on all legal matters concerning the University.
- (ii) To scrutinize the legal aspects of the conditions accompanying the bequests, donations and endowments made to the University.
- (iii) To scrutinize the Act, Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations and suggest ways and means of improving them.

CHAPTER VII

THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL

(Constitution-Section 20)

[Procedure at Meetings *Sec. 27 (vii)*]

St. 77. The Academic Council will meet ordinarily once in three months and at other times when convened by the Vice-Chancellor, or in his absence, by any other officer of the University to whom the Vice-Chancellor has delegated this power [Section 11 (2)].

The Vice-Chancellor, or in his absence, the senior-most member present, shall preside at all meetings of the Academic Council.

St. 78. Twelve members shall constitute a quorum for a meeting of the Academic Council and all questions shall be

decided by the majority of the members present at the meeting. In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

Powers and Duties

[Sections 21, 31 (1)]

St. 79. All proposals for the establishment by the University of Departments, Colleges, Institutes of Research or specialised studies, Libraries, Laboratories or Museums shall originate in the Academic Council, and shall be submitted to the Senate for its approval with reports thereon made by the Syndicate and the Academic Council.

St. 80. In the case of the establishment by the University of a College, it shall be the duty of the Syndicate and the Academic Council to see that the conditions laid down in clauses (a) to (i) of sub-section (1) of Section 32 are satisfied.

St. 81. Such Departments, Colleges and Institutions of Research or specialized studies shall be inspected periodically by a Committee appointed by the Syndicate in consultation with the Academic Council, and the report of the Committee shall be submitted in the first instance to the Academic Council for its opinion, and later to the Syndicate for a resolution thereon. The report of the said Committee, together with the opinion of the Academic Council and the resolution of the Syndicate thereon shall be submitted to the Senate for information at the earliest meeting practicable.

CHAPTER VIII

THE FACULTIES

[Constitution— Section 22]

St. 82. In addition to the Faculties specified in sub-section (1) of Section 22, there shall be the Faculty of Social Sciences.

St. 83. The subjects comprised in each of these Faculties shall be as follows :—

Faculty of Arts

MODERN INDIAN LANGUAGES: Kannada and the other languages—Telugu, Tamil and Malayalam; Marathi and the other languages—Hindi and Urdu.

MODERN EUROPEAN LANGUAGES: English, German, French, Russian, Portuguese.

CLASSICAL LANGUAGES and LINGUISTICS: Sanskrit, Pali, Ardha-Magadhi, Persian, Arabic, Latin, Greek, Linguistics.

Faculty of Social Sciences

History, Economics, Politics, Sociology, Anthropology, Psychology, Ethics, Logic, Philosophy, Education, Commerce, Archaeology, Epigraphy and Numismatics.

Faculty of Science

Mathematics and Statistics, Physics, Chemistry, Botany, Zoology, Geology, Geography.

Faculty of Law

Law.

Faculty of Engineering

Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Tele-communications.

Faculty of Agriculture

Agriculture including Veterinary Science, Forestry.

St. 84. After the appointment of a member to the Academic Council, the Academic Council may, on the recommendation of the Committee of Deans, assign him to one or more of the Faculties.

St. 85. The term of office of members of the Faculties shall be three years; provided, however, that those who are members by virtue of the provision of Section 22 (2) (ii) shall

cease to be members on their ceasing to be members of the Board of Studies to which they belonged.

Procedure

St. 86. Each Faculty shall ordinarily meet once a year and at the time of the Convocation and at other times when convened by the Dean, or in his absence by the senior-most member of the Faculty.

St. 87. A special meeting of a Faculty shall be convened by the Dean, or in his absence, by the senior-most member of the Faculty on the requisition of one-fifth of the total number of members or three members, whichever is greater.

St. 88. The Dean, or in his absence, the senior-most member present shall preside at the meetings of the Faculty.

St. 89. One-fifth of the number of members, or three members, whichever is greater, of any Faculty shall be a quorum for a meeting of the Faculty.

St. 90. All questions at a meeting of the Faculty shall be decided by a majority of votes of the members present. In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

Powers and Duties

[Section 22 (3)]

St. 91. The powers and duties of a Faculty shall be —

- (i) To elect the Dean.
- (ii) To consider and report on matters referred to it by the Academic Council, the Syndicate and the Board of University Teaching.
- (iii) To refer any matter to a Board of Studies comprised within the Faculty for consideration and report.
- (iv) To consider any report or recommendation referred to it by a Board of Studies.

- (v) To appoint a Committee of the Faculty for any purpose lying within its functions.
- (vi) To hold meetings of the Faculty or of a Committee of the Faculty jointly with any other Faculty or a Committee thereof for the discussion of any matter of common interest.
- (vii) To make to the Syndicate and the Academic Council recommendations and suggestions regarding the organization of teaching and training in the subjects comprised in the Faculty.

CHAPTER IX

THE BOARD OF UNIVERSITY TEACHING

[Section 38 (2)]

Constitution

St. 92. The Board of University Teaching shall consist of —

- (i) The Vice-Chancellor (*Ex-Officio*).
- (ii) The Deans of Faculties (*Ex-Officio*).
- (iii) Principals of affiliated Colleges and Heads of recognised institutions where post-graduate instruction is being imparted (*Ex-Officio*).
- (iv) Six members appointed by the Syndicate of whom at least three shall be University Teachers.

The tenure of office of members appointed by the Syndicate shall be three years.

St. 93. The Board of University Teaching shall have the power to constitute sub-committees for dealing with different aspects of its work.

St. 94. These sub-committees shall have the power to invite and consult persons who possess expert knowledge and experience of work entrusted to them by the Board.

St. 95. The Board of University Teaching shall meet ordinarily once every three months and at other times when convened by the Vice-Chancellor, or in his absence, by the Senior-most member on the Board.

St. 96. The Vice-Chancellor, or in his absence, the senior-most member present, shall preside at all meetings of the Board. In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

St. 97. Six members shall constitute a quorum and all questions shall be decided by a majority of votes of members present at the meeting.

Powers and Duties

St. 98. The powers and duties of the Board shall be —

- (i) To make recommendations to the Syndicate regarding all post-graduate instruction, teaching and training imparted by the teachers of the University.
- (ii) To organise and co-ordinate the post-graduate instruction, teaching, and training in the University area.
- (iii) To recommend to the Syndicate, the detailed requirements of teachers teaching on behalf of the University.
- (iv) To determine the programme and indicate the nature and extent of the work that the teachers recognized for teaching on behalf of the University shall be called upon to perform.
- (v) To co-ordinate and regulate the facilities provided and to make recommendations to the Syndicate regarding the expenditure to be incurred by Colleges and Recognized Institutions, in connection with Libraries, laboratories and other equipment for teaching and research.
- (vi) To recommend to the Syndicate the amount of grant which may be made to Colleges and Recognized Institutions by the University every year.

- (vii) To consider all applications for research grants and submit their recommendations to the Syndicate;
- (viii) To recommend to the Syndicate the subjects for which the Colleges and Recognized Institutions may enrol students on behalf of the University;
- (ix) To refer any matter to any of the Faculties and Boards for report and opinion.

St. 99. Every Faculty shall report on any subject that may be referred to it by the Board of University Teaching.

CHAPTER X

BOARDS OF STUDIES

[Section 24 (1), (2) (ii) and (iii)]

Constitution

St. 100. There shall be the following Boards of Studies for the subjects or groups of subjects specified below and the number of teachers to be elected to each such Board shall be as shown against it:—

Faculty of Arts

1. Kannada	5
2. Hindi and Marathi	4
3. English	4
4. French, German, Russian, Portuguese and Latin	3
5. Sanskrit, Pali, Ardhamagadhi and Linguistics	5
6. Persian, Arabic and Urdu	3

Faculty of Social Sciences

7. History (Archaeology, Epigraphy and Numismatics)	3
8. Economics (including Banking, Transport and Public Finance for Commerce courses and Agricultural Economics for courses in Agriculture)	5

- | | | | |
|-----|---|----|---|
| 9. | Sociology, Anthropology and Politics (including Civics and Public Administration for Arts and Commerce Courses) | .. | 3 |
| 10. | Psychology, Ethics, Logic and Philosophy | .. | 5 |
| 11. | Education | .. | 3 |
| 12. | Commerce, Marketing, Finance and Accountancy and Acturial Science. | .. | 3 |

Faculty of Science

- | | | | |
|-----|--|----|---|
| 13. | Mathematics and Statistics | .. | 5 |
| 14. | Physics | .. | 5 |
| 15. | Chemistry (including Engineering and Agricultural Chemistry) | .. | 5 |
| 16. | Botany (including Agricultural Botany) | | 5 |
| 17. | Zoology | .. | 5 |
| 18. | Geology (including Geology in Engineering Courses) | .. | 3 |
| 19. | Geography (including Geography in Commerce courses) | .. | 3 |

Faculty of Law

- | | | | |
|-----|--|----|---|
| 20. | Board of Studies in Law (including Mercantile Law | .. | 5 |
|-----|--|----|---|

Faculty of Engineering

- | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------|----|---|
| 21. | Board of Studies in Engineering | .. | 3 |
|-----|---------------------------------|----|---|

Faculty of Agriculture

- | | | | |
|-----|--|----|---|
| 22. | Board of Studies in Agriculture (including Veterinary Science) | .. | 5 |
|-----|--|----|---|

Faculty of Medicine

- | | | | |
|-----|--|----|---|
| 23. | Board of studies in Anatomy, Physiology and Materia Medica | .. | 5 |
| 24. | Board of studies in Medicine, Surgery, Midwifery, Medical Jurisprudence etc. | .. | 5 |

Co-option

St. 101. The number of persons to be co-opted by a Board under clause (iii) of sub-section 2 of section 24 shall not exceed two.

St. 102. Every Board of Studies may, by a resolution at a meeting, co-opt such persons as they deem desirable.

Procedure

St. 103. (i) All meetings of the Board shall be convened by the Chairman, or in his absence the senior-most member of the Board. The Registrar shall keep a record of the proceedings of the meetings.

(ii) One-half of the number of members in the Board shall constitute a quorum for a meeting.

(iii) Any two members of a Board can submit to the Chairman or in his absence to the senior-most member of the Board, a requisition to convene a meeting and the meeting shall be convened in response to such requisition within a fortnight.

(iv) Any item of business before a Board may, at the discretion of the Chairman, be decided by a circular or disposed of by correspondence, provided no member of the Board objects to such a course.

St. 104. Any two or more Boards may, and at the discretion of the Academic Council or the Syndicate, shall meet and act in concurrence and render a joint report upon any matter which lies within the province of both. In such cases, the quorum of the joint meeting of the Boards must include a full quorum of each Board represented.

St. 105. The duties of the Boards shall be to recommend courses of studies, to recommend text-books and to advise the University Authorities on all matters referred to them for opinion and report.

St. 106. A Board of Studies may bring to the notice of the relevant University Authority, matters connected with examinations, the courses of studies laid down therefor, the text-books recommended or prescribed and other connected matters of academic importance in the subject or subjects within its purview.